CITY OF EUREKA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

CITY OF EUREKA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2013

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GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 E. HANNUM, SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Eureka Eureka, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the City of Eureka (City), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eureka, California, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2012, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, Statement No. 61, The Financial Report Entity: Omnibus, Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, and Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that, the budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of funding progress – local employees' retirement system on pages 77 through 80 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor funds budgetary comparison schedules, the combining internal service funds financial statements, the agency fund statements, and the combining private purpose trust funds financial statements are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor funds budgetary comparison schedules, the combining internal service funds financial statements, the agency fund statements, and the combining private purpose trust funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial

statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

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CITY OF EUREKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities		al Business-type Activities			Total
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total
Cash and investments	\$	6,254,930	\$	1,709,544	\$	7,964,474
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	Ψ	180,000	Ψ	22,052,210	Ψ	22,232,210
Accounts receivable		4,814,498		4,919,959		9,734,457
Interest receivable		1,616,007		187,691		1,803,698
Prepaid items		105,935		100,000		205,935
Inventory		. 55,555		3,690		3,690
Notes and loans receivable		10,361,140		-,		10,361,140
Internal balances		(2,697,906)		2,697,906		. 0,00.,
Land held for resale		524,368		_,==,===		524,368
Deferred charges, net of accumulated amortization		0= 1,000		654,133		654,133
Due from RDA Successor Agency		656,101		5,146,773		5,802,874
Net pension asset		1,268,806		-, -, -		1,268,806
Capital assets, not being depreciated		28,735,305		32,837,462		61,572,767
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		45,187,936		50,808,783		95,996,719
,				, ,		· · · · ·
Total Assets		97,007,120		121,118,151		218,125,271
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,693,753		991,397		2,685,150
Payroll and related liabilities		409,901		107,543		517,444
Deposits payable		75,159		415,190		490,349
Accrued interest payable		31,467		557,636		589,103
Claims and judgments payable		226,336				226,336
Unearned revenue		33,550		112,160		145,710
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,629,979		1,604,774		4,234,753
Due in more than one year		7,791,758		40,467,613		48,259,371
Total Liabilities		12,891,903		44,256,313		57,148,216
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		72,624,706		62,448,109		135,072,815
Restricted for:						
Public safety		519,948				519,948
Streets and roads		972,895				972,895
Housing		15,081,422				15,081,422
Airport		120,386				120,386
Unrestricted		(5,204,140)		14,413,729		9,209,589
Total Net Position	\$	84,115,217	\$	76,861,838	\$	160,977,055

CITY OF EUREKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Program Revenues							
			·		(Operating	Ca	pital Grants		
			(Charges for	G	rants and		and		
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		ervices Contributions		Co	ontributions
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	6,593,798	\$	2,209,039	\$	56,999	\$	-		
Community development		1,757,218		201,418		920,929				
Public safety		17,814,730		921,529		1,088,050				
Public works		5,670,114		640,147		652,036		316,294		
Parks and recreation		2,638,220		668,474						
Interest on long-term debt		33,601								
Total Governmental		34,507,681		4,640,607		2,718,014		316,294		
Business-type activities:										
Water		6,287,307		6,784,733						
Wastewater		6,859,484		8,607,366				2,673,933		
Harbor		1,084,837		683,974						
Building		815,596		819,289						
Transit		2,164,325		1,897,394						
Golf		29,804		27,702						
Total Business-type Activities		17,241,353		18,820,458				2,673,933		
Total	\$	51,749,034	\$	23,461,065	\$	2,718,014	\$	2,990,227		
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise fees

Motor vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted

Transient occupancy taxes

Business license tax

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net position - beginning of fiscal year

Prior period adjustments

Net Position - beginning of fiscal year, restated

Net Position - end of fiscal year

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (4,327,760) (634,871) (15,805,151) (4,061,637) (1,969,746) (33,601) (26,832,766)	\$ -	\$ (4,327,760) (634,871) (15,805,151) (4,061,637) (1,969,746) (33,601) (26,832,766)
	497,426 4,421,815 (400,863) 3,693 (266,931) (2,102)	497,426 4,421,815 (400,863) 3,693 (266,931) (2,102)
(26,832,766)	4,253,038 4,253,038	4,253,038 (22,579,728)
4,065,538 14,554,058 853,679 13,986 2,032,949 235,026	214,476	4,280,014 14,554,058 853,679 13,986 2,032,949 235,026
401,770 1,408,295 (102,047)	47,452 102,047	449,222 1,408,295
23,463,254	304,040	23,767,294
(3,369,512)	4,557,078	1,187,566
94,639,610	72,188,674	166,828,284
(7,154,881) 87,484,729	116,086 72,304,760	(7,038,795) 159,789,489
\$ 84,115,217	\$ 76,861,838	\$ 160,977,055

CITY OF EUREKA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2013

	General	Successor Housing Authority
ASSETS		
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable	\$ - 180,000 4,391,431	\$ 157,553
Interest receivable Prepaid items	10,601 85,935	(82)
Notes and loans receivable Advances to RDA Successor Agency Advances to other funds Land held for resale	,	8,354,657 656,101 524,368
Total Assets	\$ 4,667,967	\$ 9,692,597
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits payable Payroll and related liabilities	\$ 1,217,604 660,343 75,009 369,305	\$ 5,323 2,557
Unearned revenue Advances from other funds	402,449 34,605	8,354,657
Total Liabilities	 2,759,315	 8,362,537
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	05.005	
Prepaid expenditures Restricted Unassigned	85,935 1,822,717	1,330,060
Total Fund Balances	1,908,652	1,330,060
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,667,967	\$ 9,692,597

	Other	Total			
Go	vernmental	G	overnmental		
	Funds		Funds		
\$	4,078,817	\$	4,236,370 180,000		
	416,749		4,808,180		
	3,496		14,015		
	2.006.492		85,935 10,361,140		
	2,006,483		656,101		
	34,605		34,605		
			524,368		
\$	6,540,150	\$	20,900,714		
\$	154,358 1,765,532 150 15,132	\$	1,377,285 2,425,875 75,159 386,994		
	2,174,268		10,931,374		
	13,000		47,605		
	4,122,440		15,244,292		
	3,403,617 (985,907)		85,935 4,733,677 836,810		
	2,417,710		5,656,422		
\$	6,540,150	\$	20,900,714		

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CITY OF EUREKA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

04.10 03, 2010			
Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 5,656,42	22
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds because of the following:			
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.			
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 153,105,232 (79,181,991)	73,923,24	l1
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources, therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		(31,46	67)
The liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Compensated absences PERS side fund Capital lease payable	(1,402,308) (7,720,894) (516,056)	(10,421,73	37)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. (net capital assets and compensated absences payable, reported above in the amount of \$1,580,789 and (\$49,223) respectively.).		1,222,29)4
In governmental funds, other long-term assets include accounts receivable and interest receivable on taxes and accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, and therefore, are offset by unearned revenue.		10,897,82	<u>'</u> 4
Net pension asset is not a current financial resource. Therefore, it is not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. This amount is to be amortized in accordance with GASB No.27 and 45.		1,268,80)6
In governmental funds, other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures:			

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Interest receivable on loans receivable

Net position of governmental activities

1,599,834

\$ 84,115,217

CITY OF EUREKA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 General	Successor Housing Authority
Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and penalties	\$ 19,542,556 940,600 252,688	\$ -
Investment income Intergovernmental Charges for services	(4,294) 2,604,293 3,792,428	46,571 14,113
Other revenues	 639,770	 849,350
Total Revenues	 27,768,041	 910,034
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works Community development Culture and recreation	3,939,443 17,420,072 2,511,940 683,217 2,601,363	760,443
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	 991,459 207,548 29,964	
Total Expenditures	 28,385,006	 760,443
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(616,965)	149,591
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(104,714)	
Proceeds from capital leases	 338,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	233,286	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(383,679)	 149,591
Fund Balances, beginning of fiscal year	 2,292,331	 1,180,469
Fund Balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 1,908,652	\$ 1,330,060

Other	Total
Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
\$ - 61,705 225,974 23,828 2,833,723 82,750 433,991	\$ 19,542,556 1,002,305 478,662 66,105 5,438,016 3,889,291 1,923,111
3,661,971	32,340,046
862,664 898,769 336,335 2,628,023 22,539	3,939,443 18,282,736 3,410,709 1,779,995 2,601,363 3,619,482 230,087
2,448	32,412
4,750,778	33,896,227
(1,088,807)	(1,556,181)
2,667	2,667 (104,714)
444,479	782,479
447,146	680,432
(641,661)	(875,749)
3,059,371	6,532,171
\$ 2,417,710	\$ 5,656,422

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CITY OF EUREKA

RECONCILIATION OF THE

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		\$ (875,749)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense. (Does not include Internal Service Funds) Capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balances	,,	
Depreciation expense not reported in governmental funds Book value of capital assets sold	(2,705,547) (9,574)	(1,144,618)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position, the costs are deferred and amortized throughout the period during which the related debt is outstanding. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.		
Repayment of debt principal Proceeds from capital lease are deducted from fund balance	230,087 (782,479)	(552,392)
Notes receivable issued are expenditures, and principal payments on notes receivable are a revenue in the governmental funds; however, in the government-wide statements, these transactions increase or decrease the notes receivable and accrue interest on notes receivable.		
Interest receivable Notes receivable	338,352 (283,558)	54,794
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):		
Interest payable PERS side fund Compensated absences	(1,189) 273,515 249,774	522,100
Revenues that were not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end and did not met the revenue recognition criteria in the Fund Financial Statements are recognized as revenue in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.		(1,122,216)
Changes in net pension asset did not require the use of current financial resources or meet revenue recognition criteria in the Fund Financial Statements and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		477,711
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental activities. (included net capital assets and compensated absences		(700) (5)
in the amount of (\$253,567) and \$3,175 respectively)		(729,142)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (3,369,512)

CITY OF EUREKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds						
ASSETS		Water	٧	Vastewater		Harbor	
Current Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable - net Interest receivable Prepaid items Inventory Due from other funds	\$	1,501,825 8,081,292 594,126 8,960 5,292,977	\$	13,970,918 2,631,652 46,428	\$	156,722 (1,368) 100,000	
Total current assets		15,479,180		16,648,998		255,354	
Noncurrent Assets: Deferred charges, net of accumulated amortization Advances to RDA Successor Agency Advances to other funds		462,188 491,288		191,945 4,655,485 25,748			
Total noncurrent assets		953,476		4,873,178			
Capital Assets: Nondepreciable Land Construction in progress		1,052,115 3,812,140		5,073,142 17,319,682		5,155,468	
Total nondepreciable capital assets		4,864,255		22,392,824		5,155,468	
Depreciable Infrastructure Buildings Improvements Equipment		10,301,360 542,334 5,004,225 16,060,077		4,655,482 5,959,429 19,974,600 31,799,067		4,646,614 10,577,025 1,116,705	
Total depreciable capital assets		31,907,996		62,388,578		16,340,344	
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,630,637)		(40,864,426)		(7,758,845)	
Net depreciable capital assets		19,277,359		21,524,152		8,581,499	
Total capital assets, net		24,141,614		43,916,976		13,736,967	
Total capital and noncurrent assets		25,095,090		48,790,154		13,736,967	
Total Assets	\$	40,574,270	\$	65,439,152	\$	13,992,321	

		Enterpri	se Fu	nds		Activities - Internal
	Building	 Transit		Golf	 Totals	 Service Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$	207,719	\$ 1,709,544 22,052,210	\$ 2,018,560
	620,062 133,386	917,397		285	4,919,959 187,691 100,000	6,318 2,158 20,000
		 3,690			 3,690 5,292,977	
	753,448	 921,087		208,004	 34,266,071	 2,047,036
	13,000	 		_	 654,133 5,146,773 38,748	
	13,000	 			 5,839,654	
		 		418,075 6,840	 11,698,800 21,138,662	
		 		424,915	 32,837,462	
	07.050	0.455.400		50,244 243,087	14,956,842 11,198,621 35,798,937	429,246 31,236
	97,950	 3,155,460			 52,229,259	 7,541,321
	97,950	3,155,460		293,331	114,183,659	8,001,803
	(58,499)	 (1,820,736)		(241,733)	 (63,374,876)	 (6,421,014)
-	39,451	 1,334,724	-	51,598	 50,808,783	 1,580,789
	39,451	 1,334,724		476,513	 83,646,245	 1,580,789
	52,451	 1,334,724		476,513	 89,485,899	 1,580,789
\$	805,899	\$ 2,255,811	\$	684,517	\$ 123,751,970	\$ 3,627,825

(Continued)

Governmental

CITY OF EUREKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2013 (Continued)

	Enterprise Funds							
LIABILITIES		Water		Vastewater		Harbor		
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	320,040	\$	611,168	\$	26,276		
Payroll and related liabilities		32,582		53,296		8,556		
Deposits payable		213,987		173,377		27,826		
Due to other funds				408,812		720,874		
Unearned revenue		19				112,141		
Accrued interest payable		251,263		225,610		80,763		
Claims and judgments payable								
Loan payable, current portion						86,177		
Bonds payable, current portion		535,000		400,000		100,000		
Capital lease payable, current portion		301,305						
Compensated absences, current portion		57,784		91,369		16,908		
Unamortized premium, current portion		16,643		5,237				
Deferred loss on refunding, current portion		(34,709)						
Total current liabilities		1,693,914		1,968,869		1,179,521		
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Capital lease payable		981,418						
Loan payable		,				1,871,714		
Advances from other funds						25,748		
Bonds payable		18,895,000		18,520,000		105,000		
Unamortized premium		283,894		201,067		•		
Deferred loss on refunding		(390,480)						
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,769,832		18,721,067		2,002,462		
Total Liabilities		21,463,746		20,689,936		3,181,983		
NET ASSETS								
Net investment in capital assets		11,282,376		37,740,969		11,574,076		
Unrestricted		7,828,148		7,008,247		(763,738)		
Total Net Position (Deficits)	\$	19,110,524	\$	44,749,216	\$	10,810,338		
,		. ,	<u> </u>	. , -	<u> </u>	· /		

Governmental Activities Internal Service

		Internal				
ı	Building	Transit	Golf	Totals		Service Funds
\$	27,478	\$ 6,274	\$ 161	\$ 991,397	\$	316,468
	13,011		98	107,543 415,190		22,907
	790,447	687,938		2,608,071 112,160 557,636		259,031
						226,336
				86,177 1,035,000 301,305		
	28,658		402	195,121 21,880 (34,709)		49,223
-	859,594	694,212	661	6,396,771		873,965
	<u> </u>	 		 		<u> </u>
				981,418 1,871,714 25,748		
				37,520,000 484,961		
			 	(390,480)		
		 	 	 40,493,361		
	859,594	694,212	661	 46,890,132		873,965
	39,451 (93,146)	1,334,724 226,875	476,513 207,343	62,448,109 14,413,729		1,580,789 1,173,071
\$	(53,695)	\$ 1,561,599	\$ 683,856	\$ 76,861,838	\$	2,753,860

CITY OF EUREKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water	W	/astewater		Harbor		
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other operating revenues Intergovernmental		6,763,039 21,694	\$	5,836,745 2,770,621	\$	683,974		
Total Operating Revenues		6,784,733		8,607,366		683,974		
Operating Expenses:								
Purchase of water		1,879,595						
Maintenance and operation		2,286,065		4,422,134		588,943		
Administration		329,617		405,432		23,496		
Insurance costs and claims		58,980		75,468		18,252		
Depreciation		735,562		1,049,419		351,894		
Total Operating Expenses		5,289,819		5,952,453		982,585		
Operating Income (Loss)		1,494,914		2,654,913		(298,611)		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets Taxes				(59,935)		214,476		
		00.667		00.011				
Investment income		33,667		23,211		(6,798)		
Interest expense	-	(997,488)		(907,031)		(102,252)		
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)		(963,821)		(943,755)		105,426		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions		531,093		1,711,158		(193,185)		
Capital contributions Transfers in				2,673,933				
Change in Net Position		531,093		4,385,091		(193,185)		
Net Position (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year		18,389,021		40,170,988		11,080,183		
Prior Period Adjustments		190,410		193,137		(76,660)		
Net Position (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year, restated		18,579,431		40,364,125		11,003,523		
Net Position (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	19,110,524	\$	44,749,216	\$	10,810,338		

Enterprise Funds Internal Service Golf Building Transit Totals Funds \$ \$ 563 \$ 702,470 318,708 14,305,499 3,863,861 116,819 27,139 2,936,273 81,735 1,578,686 1,578,686 819,289 27,702 3,945,596 1,897,394 18,820,458 1,879,595 764,111 1,873,872 24,749 9,959,874 2,449,425 288 35,808 794,641 408 1,797,020 7,656 28,644 189,408 4,359 8,021 261,809 2,411,064 425,887 815,596 2,164,325 29,804 4,672,332 15,234,582 3,693 (266,931) (2,102)3,585,876 (726,736)(59,935)214,476 (33)47,452 (3,746)1,151 (2,408)(2,006,771)(3,746)(33)1,151 (1,804,778)(2,408)(53)(266,964)(951)1,781,098 (729,144)2,673,933 102,047 102,047 101,994 (266,964)(951) 4,557,078 (729,144)(155,689)1,907,246 796,925 72,188,674 3,483,004 (78,683)116,086 (112,118)(155,689)1,828,563 684,807 72,304,760 3,483,004 (53,695)1,561,599 683,856 76,861,838 2,753,860

Governmental Activities-

CITY OF EUREKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Wastewater	Harbor					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers/interfund charges Payments to suppliers and users Payments to employees	\$ 6,974,150 (3,033,887) (1,585,598)	\$ 7,657,720 (2,826,332) (2,260,466)	\$ 588,288 (366,142) (312,720)					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,354,665	2,570,922	(90,574)					
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers in (out) Due to/from other funds Taxes received	(3,739,481)	408,812	101,569					
			280,304					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	(3,739,481)	408,812	381,873					
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisitions of capital assets Capital grants received	(1,726,670)	(7,003,175) 2,673,933						
Interest paid Principal payments - long-term debt	(906,732) (804,243)	(879,740) (395,000)	(105,654) (177,466)					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,437,645)	(5,603,982)	(283,120)					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received (charged)	40,161	(19,875)	(8,179)					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	40,161	(19,875)	(8,179)					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(4,782,300)	(2,644,123)						
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2012	14,365,417	16,615,041						
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2013	\$ 9,583,117	\$ 13,970,918	\$ -					
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents To Statement of Net Position								
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 1,501,825 8,081,292	\$ - 13,970,918	\$ -					
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,583,117	\$ 13,970,918	\$ -					

	Enterpri	oris	e Fu	nds		Governmental Activities -
 Building	Transit			Golf	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 582,502 (274,442) (497,541)	\$ 1,238,623 (1,864,449) (35,428)	9)	\$	27,702 (20,488) (5,291)	\$ 17,068,985 (8,385,740) (4,697,044)	\$ 3,944,082 (3,135,158) (831,434)
 (189,481)	(661,254)	<u>4)</u>		1,923	3,986,201	(22,510)
102,047 260,379	660,404	4			102,047 (2,308,317) 	259,031
 362,426	660,404	<u> </u>			(1,925,966)	259,031
(34,500)					(8,764,345) 2,673,933 (1,892,126) (1,376,709)	(172,320)
 (34,500)					(9,359,247)	(172,320)
(138,445)	850	<u>)</u>		1,371	(124,117)	605
 (138,445)	850)		1,371	(124,117)	605
				3,294	(7,423,129)	64,806
 				204,425	31,184,883	1,953,754
\$ _	\$ -	:	\$	207,719	\$ 23,761,754	\$ 2,018,560
\$ -	\$ -		\$	207,719	\$ 1,709,544 22,052,210	\$ 2,018,560
\$ 	\$ -	= :	\$	207,719	\$ 23,761,754	\$ 2,018,560

(Continued)

CITY OF EUREKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

	Enterprise Funds						
		Water	١.٨	/astewater		Harbor	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		water		vasiewaiei		Пагрог	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,494,914	\$	2,654,913	\$	(298,611)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation		735,562		1,049,419		351,894	
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Inventory		128,585		(1,123,023) 1,148		(93,970) (5,000)	
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Unearned revenue Payroll and related liabilities Claims and judgments payable Compensated absences		(25,871) 60,885 (53) 888 (40,245)		(168,188) 173,377 4,439 (21,163)		(46,941) (1,716) 549 3,221	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	•						
Operating Activities	Ъ	2,354,665	Ф	2,570,922	\$	(90,574)	

Enterprise Funds									vernmental	
	Building		Transit		Golf	Totals		Activities - Internal Service Funds		
\$	3,693	\$	(266,931)	\$	(2,102)	\$	\$ 3,585,876		(726,736)	
	8,021		261,809		4,359		2,411,064		425,887	
	(236,787)		(658,771) (2,027)				(1,983,966) (3,852) (2,027)		(1,514) 64,799	
	21,011		4,666		(368)		(215,691) 232,546 (53)		122,086	
	2,413						8,289		3,797	
	12,168				34		(45,985)		85,996 3,175	
\$	(189,481)	\$	(661,254)	\$	1,923	\$	3,986,201	\$	(22,510)	

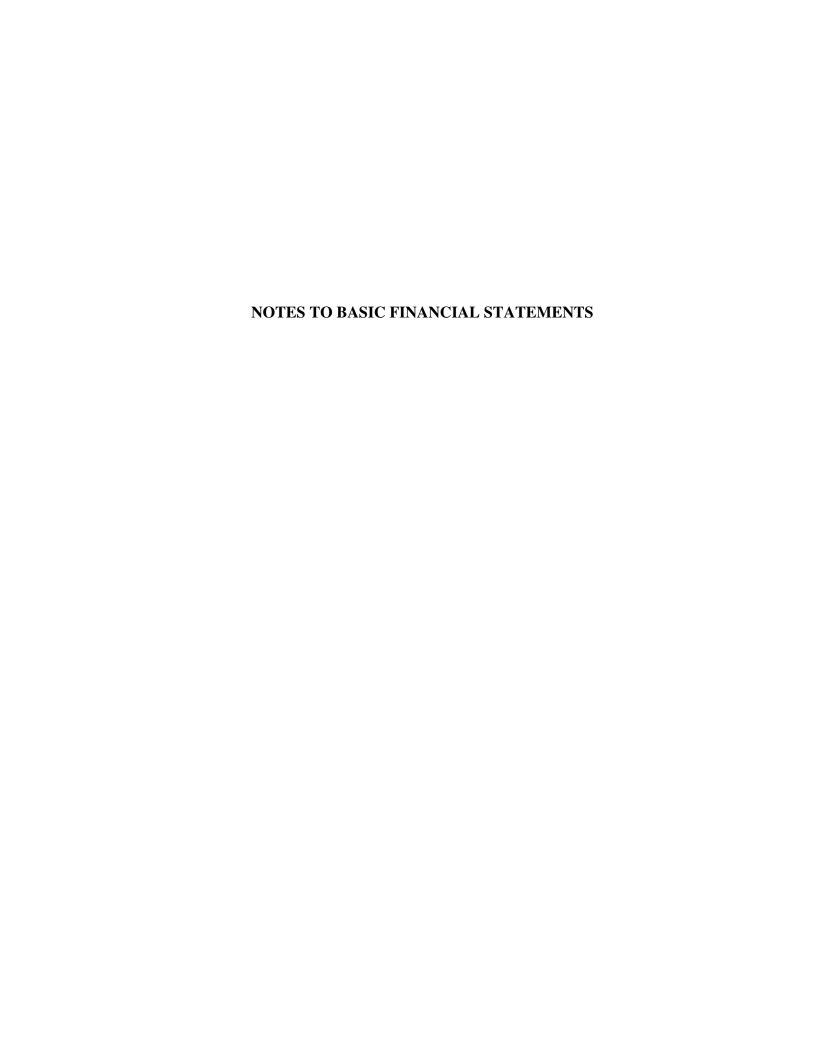
CITY OF EUREKA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2013

				Truct	Eune	1 0	
		Agency Fund				Private Purpose	
	Tru	st Holding		ension efits Plan	ion Trust		
ASSETS		<u> </u>					
Cash and investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent, Restricted Interest Receivable Notes Receivable Notes Receivable - Allowance Other Receivable Deferred Charges, Net of Accumulated Amortization Land held for resale Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	153,895	\$	75,745	\$	2,712,678 1,070,966 3,205 16,911 (16,911) 17,547 364,553 4,488,678 243,635 2,069,197	
Total Assets	\$	153,895		75,745		10,970,459	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	150		17,779		22,196	
Payroll payable				6		3,774	
Interest payable Advance payable to City						214,032 5,802,874	
Deposits payable		153,745				5,002,074	
Unearned revenue Noncurrent Liabilties:		100,740				1,480,779	
Due within One Year						1,252,491	
Due in More than One Year						23,299,515	
Total Liabilities	\$	153,895		17,785		32,075,661	
Net Position (Deficits)							
Held in trust for pension benefits Unrestricted				57,960		(21,105,202)	
Total Net Position (Deficits)			\$	57,960	\$	(21,105,202)	

CITY OF EUREKA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Truct	_			
Trust Funds					
Fi	ire and		Private		
	Police		Purpose		
Pe	ension	Trust			
Ben	efits Plan		Funds		
\$	466,199	\$	-		
			3,650,891		
	174				
			8,842		
			69,429		
			11,681		
			12,687		
	466,373		3,753,530		
	441,121				
	,		430,407		
			57,713		
			648,203		
			1,434,869		
			1,646,062		
	441,121		4,217,254		
	25,252		(463,724)		
	32 708		(18,699,391)		
	02,700		(1,942,087)		
	32,708		(20,641,478)		
\$	57,960	\$	(21,105,202)		
	Pro Ben	441,121 25,252 32,708 32,708	Police Pension Benefits Plan \$ 466,199 \$ 174 4466,373 441,121 25,252 32,708 32,708		

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CITY OF EUREKA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Eureka have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Eureka was incorporated as a town on April 18, 1856, under a special act of the legislature, reincorporated as a city on February 19, 1874, and incorporated under a Freeholder's Charter on February 18, 1895. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and is governed by an elected mayor and five elected city council members. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets and highways, public improvements, land use, building and housing standards, culture-recreation programs, parks and recreation areas, utilities, public transit, and administrative and fiscal services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present financial information for the City of Eureka (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a fiscal year end of June 30. The blended component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Units

The following blended component units are included in the reporting entity as though they were part of the primary government. Separate financial statements for the blended component units are in file at the offices of the City of Eureka at 531 K Street, Eureka, California 95501.

EUREKA PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The City created the Eureka Public Financing Authority to sell bonds and lend the proceeds of bond issues to Eureka Redevelopment Agency. The City Council also functions as the Board of the Eureka Public Financing Authority. The City performs all administrative, budgeting, and accounting functions of the Authority.

CITY OF EUREKA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Joint Ventures

HUMBOLDT/DEL NORTE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RESPONSE AUTHORITY

The Hazardous Materials Response Authority was created as a separate legal entity by a joint powers agreement between the Counties of Humboldt and Del Norte, and the Cities of Eureka, Crescent City, Arcata, Blue Lake, Fortuna, Ferndale, Rio Dell, and Trinidad. The purpose of this joint venture is to pool resources of the participants to provide a united, coordinated, orderly, positive, and more effective means for aiding and assisting in the formulation, administration, implementation, and maintenance of an area-wide hazardous materials response team.

The Authority is governed by a board of directors composed of one member and an alternate appointed by each participant. The Authority adopts its own budget and has the power to incur debts, liabilities, or obligations. The City of Eureka is responsible for directing the operations of the Hazardous Materials Response Teams and for the accounting of the Authority. The Authority is recorded as a private purpose trust fund of the City. The Authority in turn reimburses the City for the costs of operation and accounting services. Upon commencement of the Authority, the participants agreed to contribute a proportionate share of the costs of operation based on population. The participants do not have an on-going equity interest in the Authority. However, the participants do share the operation costs of the Authority. At termination of the agreement, all surplus monies will be returned to the participants in proportion to the amounts received by the Authority; property shall be divided in a manner agreed upon by the participants. Complete financial statements for the Hazardous Materials Response Authority are on file at the offices of the City of Eureka at 531 K Street, Eureka, California 95501.

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY

The Transit Authority was created as a separate legal entity by a joint powers agreement between the County of Humboldt and the Cities of Fortuna, Eureka, Arcata, Trinidad, and Rio Dell. The governing board consists of a city council member and an alternate member appointed from each participating city, as well as two board members and up to two alternate members appointed by the Humboldt County Board of Supervisors.

The Authority is responsible for adopting its own budget and has the power to incur debts, liabilities, or obligations. On commencement of operations of the Authority, the County contributed 50 percent of the initial equity, and the participating cities jointly contributed 50 percent based upon population data. The participants do not have an on-going equity interest in the Authority. However, the participants do share operating costs of the Authority, and the current share of the City of Eureka is 25.6 percent. At termination of the agreement, all surplus monies will be returned to the participants in proportion to the amounts received; and property shall be divided in a manner agreed upon by the parties. Complete financial statements for Humboldt Transit Authority may be obtained at the offices of the Authority at 133 V Street, Eureka, California, 95501.

CITY OF EUREKA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures (Continued)

HUMBOLDT WASTE MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

The Humboldt Waste Management Authority was created as a separate entity by a joint powers agreement between the County of Humboldt and the Cities of Arcata, Eureka, Blue Lake, Ferndale, and Rio Dell. The governing board consists of one director and one alternate appointed by each member of the Authority. The Authority is responsible for adopting its own budget and has the power to incur debts, liabilities, or obligations.

The Authority was formed in October 1999 for the purpose of providing economical coordination of solid waste management services and efficiently and fairly assuring against potential adverse effects of past solid waste management services within the service area. It is intended that the Authority shall develop and fund programs for the (A) Siting, permitting, developing, constructing, maintaining, operating, or contracting for the construction and/or from operation of disposal sites, transfer facilities and equipment, materials recovery facilities, waste-to-energy facilities, and/or solid waste landfills; (B) preparing and implementing an Integrated Waste Management Plan and other planning documents; (C) disposal of waste generated in the incorporated and unincorporated area of the County and the granting of franchises for waste hauling; (D) planning, implementing, and supervising programs which serve all or most jurisdictions, including facilities, special wastes, and recycling market development. The general purpose also includes establishment of pooled insurance and other financial mechanisms to provide for the safe closure and long-term post-closure maintenance of the Cummings Road Sanitary Landfill (when closed). This may include ownership and/or management of the landfill during the final stages of the landfill's active life, during closure, and thereafter. Upon dissolution, the remaining assets of the Authority, after payment of or adequate provision for all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the Authority, shall be divided among the members in accordance with a unanimous agreement among them or in proportion to the total tonnage of solid waste each member caused to be delivered to the transfer facility. Financial statements may be obtained at the Humboldt Waste Management Authority, located at 1059 West Hawthorne Street, Eureka, California 95501.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, the primary government, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities (either funds or component units) of the City are not included in these statements.

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement on Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated, also interfund services provided and used are not eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to, Due from other funds
- Advances to, Advances from other funds
- Transfers in, Transfers out

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect) as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) of the committee on Accounting Procedure. The City applies all applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Fund financial statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements (Continued)

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after fiscal year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue, and certain charges for services. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Proprietary fund financial statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Columns representing internal service funds are also presented in these statements. However, internal service fund balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary fund financial statements (Continued)

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Fiduciary fund financial statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds are accounted for according to the nature of the fund. The City has two such funds which are accounted for using "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are the proprietary funds explained above. The one Agency fund of the City does not use or have a measurement focus.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Successor Housing Authority fund** accounts for the low and moderate income housing program previously administrated by the Redevelopment Agency low and moderate income housing fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water** fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water utility. Revenues are primarily user charges. Rates are set periodically by the City Council.

The **Wastewater** fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer utility.

The **Harbor** fund is used for administration and operation of the Humboldt Bay Harbor.

The **Building** fund is used for administration of construction regulation programs, building code enforcement, and public information programs.

The **Transit** fund is used for administration and operation of the Eureka Transit System and Dial-a-Ride/Lift program, as well as the City's share of a county-wide transit system.

The **Golf** fund is used for the administration of the Municipal Golf Course.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. These funds are required by statute or ordinance to finance particular functions or activities of government.

The <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

The <u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest, and related costs on long-term obligations.

Proprietary Fund Type

Internal service funds account for data processing, fleet management services, risk management, and redevelopment administration to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. Transactions for interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Type

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the public safety employee's retirement system, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

The private-purpose trust fund accounts for the activities of the Humboldt Del Norte Hazard Materials Response Authority and the Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency.

The Agency Fund is used to account for funds received and held by the City in a custodial capacity.

Recognition of Interest Liability

Interest expenditures on long-term debt within governmental funds are recognized when payment is due. Proprietary fund interest expense is recognized as the liability is incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Under provisions of the City's investment policy, the City may invest in any instruments authorized by Section 53601 of the California Government Code.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset-backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Monies held by bond trustees are invested, as followed by California Government Code Section 53601 (1), in accordance with the provisions of the respective bond indentures involved.

During the fiscal year, the City may have held Structured Notes. Structured Notes are debt securities (other than Asset-backed Securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options. They are issued by corporations and government-sponsored enterprises such as the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). These securities could be called prior to maturity, depending on changes in interest rates.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers each fund's share in the cash and investments pool to be cash and cash equivalents, including cash with fiscal agents.

2. Receivables and payables

Advances to other funds

For governmental fund types, noncurrent portions of long term interfund loans receivable are equally offset by a restricted fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of long term interfund loans receivable are considered "available spendable resources".

3. Inventory and prepaid items

Inventories of supplies are expended when purchased because the amounts are not considered to be material. Inventory of land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2013 are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Restricted Assets

Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the city hold investment funds arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuances. The funds may be used for specific capital outlays or for the payment of certain bonds, certificate of participation, or tax allocation bonds and have been invested only as permitted by specific State statues or applicable City ordinance, resolution, or bond indenture.

Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 including infrastructure. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Water system	20-50 years
Sewer system	15-50 years
Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements-not buildings	20-40 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included infrastructure acquired or constructed in the Basic Financial Statements.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, sewer, and park lands. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping, and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type funds as part of the asset cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, no interest was capitalized.

6. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (Continued)

7. Long-Term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Net Position and Fund Balance

<u>Net Position and Fund Balance</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, and laws and regulations of other governments) and include unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable assets). All other net position is considered unrestricted.

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (Continued)

8. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

9. Property Taxes

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (Continued)

9. Property Taxes (Continued)

<u>Property Valuations</u> – are established by the Assessor of the County of Humboldt for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax rolls are valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978) properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base of assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

<u>Tax Levies</u> – are limited to 1% of full value which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

<u>Tax Levy Dates</u> – are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

<u>Tax Collections</u> – are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments: The first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

The County of Humboldt levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Humboldt. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of Humboldt to allocate 100 percent of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Humboldt remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows:

50 percent remitted in December 45 percent remitted in April 5 percent remitted in June

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 60 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements." The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. As used in this Statement, an SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61 – *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34." The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 62 - Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: (1) Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, (2) Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and (3) Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure. The implementation of this Statement will eliminate the need to disclose a statement in the SSAP footnote that proprietary fund types apply all applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued on or before Nov. 30, 1989 that are not in conflict with applicable GASB pronouncements. This also removes the requirement to disclose whether the entity has implemented any pronouncements subsequent to Nov. 30, 1989. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63 – *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.* For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The objective of this Statement is to establish guidance for reporting deferred outflows or resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position. This Statement sets forth framework that specifies where deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as well as assets and liabilities should be displayed. This Statement also specifies how net position, no longer referred to as net position, should be displayed. Implementation of the Statement is explained in Note 16 - Net Position and Fund Balances.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance of total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Each element of the reconciliation is explained in detail on the face of the statement.

b. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances of total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Each element of the reconciliation is explained in detail on the face of the statement.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds of the City. Appropriations include amounts encumbered at fiscal year—end as these encumbrances are not reappropriated in the following year. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Legally adopted budgetary appropriations are enacted at the departmental level for current operating expenditures, with separate appropriations for capital and other projects, debt service, reserves, transfers and contingencies. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at these control levels. Amendments to the budget at the legal appropriation level must be approved by City Council. Amendments to the budget at less than the legal appropriation level may be made by management.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budgetary information (Continued)

Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital and other projects. Appropriations for these projects are included in the annual appropriated budgets for each of the applicable funds. Unspent project amounts are included in the annual budgets of subsequent years until project completion.

Budgetary financial statements include revenues and expenditures which are presented in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP).

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations.

There was an excess of expenditures over appropriations in the Special Police Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$1,121,432.

There was an excess of expenditures over appropriations in the Parking Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$15,172.

There was an excess of expenditures over appropriations in the Capital Improvements Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$152,386.

C. Deficit fund equity/net position

Major funds

The Building Enterprise fund had a deficit net position balance of \$53,695 as of June 30, 2013. This is a result of higher deposit activity in the past two fiscal years because of increased enforcement. This should be alleviated as more deposits are recognized as revenue.

Nonmajor funds

The Habitat Acquisition and Restoration Special Revenue Fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2013 of \$166,963. The deficit balance is due primarily to a 10% retainer held by the state on a grant for the Palco Marsh restoration project. The deficit balance will be substantially reversed as the State releases the retained funds.

The Environmental Programs Special Revenue Fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2013 of \$1,851. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in advance of receiving revenue.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Deficit fund equity/net asset (Continued)

The Demolition Projects Special Revenue Fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2013 of \$817,093. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in advance of receiving revenue.

Internal Service fund

The Risk Management Internal Service Fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2013 of \$642,252. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in advance of receiving revenue.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Government- Wide Statement of Net Position	Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	Total		
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 7,964,474 22,232,210	\$ 2,942,318 1,070,966	\$ 10,906,792 23,303,176		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 30,196,684	\$ 4,013,284	\$ 34,209,968		

Cash and investments at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 4,085
Deposits with financial institutions	441,318
Investments	 33,764,565
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 34,209,968

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Eureka (City) by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	of Portfolio*	in One Issuer
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	None
Certificates of Deposits	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2 years	30%	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	None
Corporate Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
State of California Local Agency			
Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	Unlimited	\$50,000,000
Money Market Funds	N/A	Unlimited	None
Passbook Savings and Money Mark	et		
Accounts (Insured)	None	Unlimited	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	Unlimited	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	None	Unlimited	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	10%	None
Mortgage pass-through and			
asset backed securities	5 years	20%	None

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Certificates of Deposit with Banks			
and Savings & Loans	None	None	None
United States Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
United States Government			
Sponsored Enterprise Securities	None	None	None
Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
State of California Local Agency			
Investment Fund (State Pool)	None	None	None

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)</u>

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)											
Investment Type		Amount	1	2 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months						Over 60 Months	
Money Market Funds	\$	348,988	\$	348,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Federal Agency Securities		3,345,449		1,005,924		1,718,756		620,769				
State Investment Pool		2,873,235		2,873,235								
Certificates of Deposit		1,521,229		1,521,229								
Commercial Paper		336,845		336,845								
Corporate Medium Term Notes		1,123,038		344,163		581,301		197,574				
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,092,605		331,156		558,000		203,449				
Held by Bond Trustees:												
Money Market Funds		23,123,176		23,123,176								
Total	\$	33,764,565	\$	29,884,716	\$	2,858,057	\$	1,021,792	\$	-		

D. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

			_		Rating as of Fiscal Year End							
Investment Type	 Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	F	rempt rom closure		AAA		AA		Α		Not Rated
Money Market Funds	\$ 348,988	N/A	\$	-	\$	348,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Federal Agency Securities	3,345,449	N/A					. (3,345,449				
State Investment Pool	2,873,235	N/A									1	2,873,235
Certificates of Deposit	1,521,229	N/A										1,521,229
Commercial Paper	336,845	N/A								336,845		
Corporate Medium Term Notes	1,123,038	N/A						801,959		321,079		
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,092,605	N/A	1,	092,605								
Held by Bond Trustees:												
Money Market Funds	 23,123,176	N/A				23,123,176						
Total	\$ 33,764,565		\$ 1,	092,605	\$ 2	23,472,164	\$ 4	4,147,408	\$	657,924	\$ 4	4,394,464

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2013, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts as required by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2013, City investments in the following investment types were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities:

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Investment Type	 Reported Amount
Federal Agency Securities Certificates of Deposit Commercial Paper Corporate Medium Term Notes U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 3,345,449 792,417 336,845 1,123,038 1,092,605

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of fiscal year end for the government's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Α	ccrued	
	Accounts	I	nterest	Totals
Governmental Funds:				
General	\$ 4,391,431	\$	10,601	\$ 4,402,032
Successor Housing Authority			(82)	(82)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 416,749		3,496	 420,245
Total - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,808,180	\$	14,015	\$ 4,822,195

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Governmental funds report unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues and notes and loans that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. As of June 30, 2013, the various components of unearned revenue are as follows:

Unearned Revenue:

Governmental Funds:

\$	402,449
	8,354,657
	2,174,268
\$ 1	0,931,374

Receivables as of fiscal year end for the government's individual enterprise funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Accrued								
	Accounts	Interest	Totals						
Enterprise Funds:									
Water	\$ 594,126	\$ 8,960	\$ 603,086						
Wastewater	2,631,652	46,428	2,678,080						
Harbor	156,722	(1,368)	155,354						
Building	620,062	133,386	753,448						
Transit	917,397		917,397						
Golf		285	285						
Total - Enterprise Funds	\$ 4,919,959	\$ 187,691	\$ 5,107,650						

Receivables of the Water and Wastewater funds are reported net of nominal uncollectible accounts in the amount of \$22,258 and \$12,347 respectively.

Notes and Loans Receivable

The following schedule summarizes notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2013:

Successor Housing Authority Fund Notes Receivable	\$ 8,354,657
Housing Special Revenue Fund Loans Receivable	2,006,483
Total Notes Receivable, Governmental Funds	\$ 10,361,140

These notes and loans represent amounts loaned to individuals and businesses to assist in the elimination of blight and/or assist in purchasing or rehabilitation of residences or businesses.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. Normally these balances occur as a result of expenditures/ expenses being paid prior to receiving revenue which causes a deficit in pooled cash. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013 is as follows:

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

A. Due to/ from other fund

Receivable Funds	Receivable Funds Payable Funds			
Major Water Enterprise Fund General Fund		\$	660,343	
	Nonmajor Habitat Acquisition and Restoration Special Revenue Fund Nonmajor Environmental Programs		166,014	
	Nonmajor Environmental Programs Special Revenue Fund Nonmajor Special Relies Special		8,132	
	Nonmajor Special Police Special Revenue Fund		776,680	
	Nonmajor Capital Improvements Special Revenue Fund		6,709	
	Nonmajor Demolition Projects Special Revenue Fund		807,997	
	Major Wastewater Enterprise Fund		408,812	
	Major Harbor Enterprise Fund		720,874	
	Major Building Enterprise Fund		790,447	
	Major Transit Enterprise Fund		687,938	
	Risk Management Internal Service Fund		259,031	
		\$	5,292,977	

B. Advances to/from other funds

During 1994-95 the General Fund borrowed \$199,930 from the Housing special revenue fund, for payment of a lease obligation. The City is repaying the advance over a twenty-year period with interest. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$34,605.

The Harbor fund borrowed \$53,408 in 2000 from the Wastewater fund to complete the Public Marina/Boat Basin Capital Project and is repaying this advance over a fifteen year period. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$25,748.

During the fiscal year 2010, the Demolition projects fund borrowed \$13,000 from the building fund to cover abatement work. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$13,000.

Receivable Funds	Payable Funds	A	mount
Nonmajor Housing Fund	General Fund	\$	34,605
Major Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Major Harbor Enterprise Fund		25,748
Major Building Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Demolition Projects Fund		13,000
		\$	73,353

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

C. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers are made on a routine basis for project expenditures and interfund debt service payments.

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Major Building Enterprise Fund	General Fund	\$ 102,047
Nonmajor Special Police Fund	General Fund	2,667
		\$ 104,714

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Governmental Activities capital assets at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2012	or Period ustments	Additions		Re	ductions	Transfers / _Adjustments_	Balance at June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Infrastructure Construction in progress Artwork	\$ 3,692,899 23,922,864 6,085,890 236,795	\$ - 839,528	\$	330,550	\$	-	\$ - (6,373,221)	\$ 3,692,899 23,922,864 882,747 236,795
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	33,938,448	839,528		330,550			(6,373,221)	28,735,305
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated	16,258,748 14,987,103 13,235,575 72,132,547 116,613,973	 		19,801 2,048 1,365,606 21,818		(13,677) (9,863) (3,000) (26,540)	2,986,929 66,847,202 935,516 (64,396,426) 6,373,221	19,251,801 81,836,353 15,526,834 7,754,939
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	(6,119,762) (2,591,614) (10,136,762) (57,219,385)			(406,945) (314,917) (759,935) (1,649,637)		4,103 9,863 3,000	(56,950,205) 56,950,205	(6,522,604) (59,856,736) (10,886,834) (1,915,817)
Total accumulated depreciation	(76,067,523)	 		(3,131,434)		16,966		(79,181,991)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,546,450	 		(1,722,161)		(9,574)	6,373,221	45,187,936
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$74,484,898	\$ 839,528	\$	(1,391,611)	\$	(9,574)	\$ -	\$ 73,923,241

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 2,574,027
Public safety	112,582
Public works	444,825
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,131,434

A summary of changes in the Business-type Activities capital assets at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2012	Prior Period Adjustments	Restated Balance at July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Transfers / Adjustments	Balance at June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 11,698,800 13,043,007	\$ - 162,399	\$ 11,698,800 13,205,406	\$ - 8,684,745	\$ -	\$ - (751,489)	\$ 11,698,800 21,138,662
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	24,741,807	162,399	24,904,206	8,684,745		(751,489)	32,837,462
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	10,842,059 35,798,937 52,768,573		10,842,059 35,798,937 52,768,573	79,600	(618,914)	356,562	11,198,621 35,798,937 52,229,259
Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated	14,561,915		14,561,915 113,971,484	79,600	(618,914)	394,927 751,489	14,956,842 114,183,659
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	(5,539,239) (19,776,522) (34,110,076) (2,096,954)		(5,539,239) (19,776,522) (34,110,076) (2,096,954)	(215,177) (594,065) (1,237,789) (364,033)	558,979		(5,754,416) (20,370,587) (34,788,886) (2,460,987)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,522,791)		(61,522,791)	(2,411,064)	558,979		(63,374,876)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	52,448,693		52,448,693	(2,331,464)	(59,935)	751,489	50,808,783
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 77,190,500	\$ 162,399	\$ 77,352,899	\$ 6,353,281	\$ (59,935)	\$ -	\$ 83,646,245

Depreciation was charged to business – type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Water	\$ 735,562
Wastewater	1,049,419
Harbor	351,894
Building	8,021
Transit	261,809
Golf	 4,359
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,411,064

NOTE 8 OPERATING LEASES

The City leases (as lessee) equipment and real estate under operating leases, which are not, in the aggregate, material.

The City leases (as lessor) various office facilities & buildings, hangar facilities, tidelands & docks, and the golf course under operating leases to various entities and individuals. Total revenues from these leases for fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 were \$293,801. From this same period, the contingent rentals totaled \$81,218.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in long-term debt

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance at Prior Period June 30, 2012 Adjustments Additions Reductions			Balance at June 30, 2013		Within Year						
Governmental Activities:												
Compensated Absences	\$	1,648,909	\$	-	\$ 1	,089,331	\$	(1,335,932)	\$	1,402,308	\$ 1,4	02,308
PERS side fund				7,994,409		568,573		(842,088)		7,720,894	8	93,042
Capital Leases		746,143				782,479		(230,087)		1,298,535	3	34,629
Total	\$	2,395,052	\$	7,994,409	\$ 2	2,440,383	\$	(2,408,107)	\$	10,421,737	\$ 2,6	29,979
	E	Balance at					Е	Balance at		Due Within		
	Ju	ne 30, 2012		Additions	Re	ductions	Ju	ne 30, 2013		One Year		
Business-type Activities:												
Series 2002B CSCDA Revenue Bonds	\$	2,745,000	\$	-	\$	(120,000)	\$	2,625,000	\$	125,000		
Series 2003A CSCDA Revenue Bonds		3,035,000				(130,000)		2,905,000		130,000		
Series 2005C CSCDA Revenue Bonds		6,275,000				(345,000)		5,930,000		355,000		
Series 2006A CSCDA Revenue Bonds		1,555,000				(50,000)		1,505,000		55,000		
Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2011		16,280,000				(265,000)		16,015,000		270,000		
Water Revenue Bonds Series 2012		9,370,000			(05.000)		9,370,000		100.000			
CA Muni Harbor Improvements Revenue Bonds		300,000				(95,000)		205,000		100,000		
Total Bonds Payable		39,560,000			(1	,005,000)		38,555,000		1,035,000		
Bond Premium		528,889				(22,048)		506,841		21,880		
Deferred Loss on Refunding		(459,898)				34,709		(425,189)		(34,709)		
Compensated Absences		241,106		213,787		(259,772)		195,121		195,121		
Capital Lease		1,571,966				(289,243)		1,282,723		301,305		
Intergovernmental Loan Payable		2,040,357				(82,466)		1,957,891		86,177		
Total	\$	43,482,420	\$	213,787	\$ (1	,623,820)	\$	42,072,387	\$	1,604,774		

B. PERS Side Fund

During the 2004-05 fiscal year, the City's Police and Fire plan was required to participate in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) risk pool. As a result, a side fund was created to account for the difference between the funded status of the pool and the funded status of the City's plan, in addition to the existing unfunded liability. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2013 was \$7,720,894.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

C. Capital Leases

Governmental activities

During fiscal year 2005-06, the City entered into a capital lease for the purchase and furnishings of a fire truck, with a maximum value of \$425,000. The new lease also refunds the remaining portion of the old fire truck lease in the amount of \$77,241. The first payment on the new lease was made on July 15, 2008. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of this lease is \$79,157.

During fiscal year 2006-07, the City entered into a capital lease for major building renovations at City Hall with a maximum value of \$1,195,000. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of this lease is \$414,250.

During fiscal year 2008-09, the City entered into a capital lease for parking meters, with a maximum value of \$107,266. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of this lease is \$22,649.

During fiscal year 2012-13, the City entered into a capital lease for fire truck and roofing at the City Hall with a maximum value of \$782,479. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of this lease is \$782,479.

These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. As of June 30, 2013, the total balance for all capital leases related to governmental activities is \$1,298,535.

Business-type activities

During fiscal year 2006-07, the City entered into a capital lease agreement for an Automated Water Metering System with a maximum value of \$2,853,500. Annual installments of \$354,794 begin December 19, 2007 through December 19, 2016 at an interest rate of 4.17%. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of this lease is \$1,282,723.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ernmental Activities Amount	Business-type Activities Amount		
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Thereafter	\$ 392,042 281,105 281,107 129,542 129,542 249,879	\$	354,794 354,794 354,794 354,794	
Minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest	1,463,217 (164,682)		1,419,176 (136,453)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 1,298,535	\$	1,282,723	

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

D. Intergovernmental Loan

Business-type activities

On September 26, 1996, the City and Redevelopment Agency jointly entered into a loan and operation contract with the California Department of Boating and Waterways for the purpose of repairing and refurbishing the Eureka Boat Basin. The loan of \$2,750,000 is payable at 4.5% interest over 30 years. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$1,957,891. Future minimum debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2014	\$ 86,177	\$	88,105	\$ 174,282
2015	90,055		84,227	174,282
2016	94,107		80,175	174,282
2017	98,342		75,940	174,282
2018	102,768		71,514	174,282
2019-2023	587,511		283,899	871,410
2024-2028	732,145		139,265	871,410
2029	166,786		7,505	 174,291
	\$ 1,957,891	\$	830,630	\$ 2,788,521

E. Revenue Bonds

Business-type activities

1973 Municipal Harbor Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$105,000 through July 1, 2014; interest at 6.75%. Used to build a fish plant and dock facilities in Humboldt Bay, these bonds are payable exclusively from the revenues of an enterprise comprising the City's municipal harbor, and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The bonds are not secured by the taxing power of the City of Eureka. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$205,000. Future minimum debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	 nterest	Total
2014	\$ 100,000	\$ 10,463	\$ 110,463
2015	105,000	 3,544	 108,544
	\$ 205,000	\$ 14,007	\$ 219,007

CSCDA Water Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2002B principal amount of \$3,625,000, due in annual installments through April 1, 2028; interest rates at 4.00% to 5.25%. Proceeds were used to finance various Water Utility projects. These bonds are payable exclusively from the revenues of the City's Water Utility, and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The bonds are not secured by the taxing power of the City of Eureka. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$2,625,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

E. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Business-type activities (Continued)

Fiscal										
Year Ending	Series 2002B CSCDA Revenue Bonds									
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total					
2014	\$	125,000	\$	129,286	\$	254,286				
2015		130,000		123,868		253,868				
2016		135,000		118,237		253,237				
2017		140,000		111,728		251,728				
2018		145,000		104,318		249,318				
2019-2023		855,000		398,970		1,253,970				
2024-2028		1,095,000		149,494		1,244,494				
Totals	\$	2,625,000	\$	1,135,901	\$	3,760,901				

CSCDA Wastewater Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2003A principal amount of \$4,040,000 due in annual installments through April 1, 2029; interest rates at 2.00% to 5.25%. Proceeds were used to finance various Wastewater Utility projects. These bonds are payable exclusively from the revenues of the City's Wastewater Utility, and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The bonds are not secured by the taxing power of the City of Eureka. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$2,905,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Series 200	3A C	SCDA Reve	enue E	Bonds
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$ 130,000	\$	130,171	\$	260,171
2015	135,000		125,763		260,763
2016	140,000		121,018		261,018
2017	145,000		115,940		260,940
2018	150,000		110,500		260,500
2019-2023	855,000		441,409		1,296,409
2024-2028	1,100,000		195,253		1,295,253
2029	250,000		5,938		255,938
Totals	\$ 2,905,000	\$	1,245,992	\$	4,150,992

CSCDA Water Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2005C principal amount of \$8,110,000, due in annual installments through April 1, 2026; interest rates at 2.60% to 5.00%. Proceeds were used to advance refund the City's CSCDA 2000A Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. These bonds are payable exclusively from the City's Water Utility and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The bonds are not secured by the taxing power of the City of Eureka. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$5,930,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

E. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Business-type activities (Continued)

Fiscal							
Year Ending	Series 2005C CSCDA Revenue Bonds						
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2014	\$ 355,000	\$	261,983	\$	616,983		
2015	365,000		249,109		614,109		
2016	380,000		235,323		615,323		
2017	395,000		220,594		615,594		
2018	410,000		204,995		614,995		
2019-2023	2,330,000		723,875		3,053,875		
2024-2026	1,695,000		129,625		1,824,625		
Totals	\$ 5,930,000	\$	2,025,504	\$	7,955,504		

CSCDA Water Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2006A principal amount of \$1,795,000, due in annual installments through April 1, 2032; interest rates at 3.00% to 5.00%. Proceeds were used to finance various Water System Projects. The bonds are payable solely from the revenue of the City's Water Utilities and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The bonds are not secured by the taxing power of the City of Eureka. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$1,505,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Series 2006A CSCDA Revenue Bonds						
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total		
2014	\$	55,000	\$	65,985	\$	120,985	
2015		55,000		63,957		118,957	
2016		55,000		61,860		116,860	
2017		60,000		59,631		119,631	
2018		60,000		57,268		117,268	
2019-2023		350,000		245,166		595,166	
2024-2028		440,000		151,365		591,365	
2029-2032		430,000		39,827		469,827	
Totals	\$	1,505,000	\$	745,059	\$	2,250,059	

The Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 were issued in the amount of \$16,280,000, due in annual installments through October 1, 2041; interest rates at 2.00% to 5.00%. The purpose of this issue was to finance capital improvements including but not limited to the acquisition, construction and improvement of 1.5 miles of interceptor sewer piping and connections along the floor of the Martin Slough Valley, a pumping station, and approximately 1.6 miles of sewer force main piping from the pumping station to the City's wastewater treatment plant. The balance of the proceeds was used to pay the cost of issuing the bonds and to set up reserves for near term interest and future debt service payments. The bonds are payable solely from the revenue of the City's Wastewater System Revenues and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$16,015,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

E. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Business-type activities (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending	Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2011					
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$	270,000	\$	766,106	\$	1,036,106
2015		280,000		757,856		1,037,856
2016		290,000		747,856		1,037,856
2017		300,000		736,056		1,036,056
2018		310,000		723,081		1,033,081
2019-2023		1,805,000		3,371,722		5,176,722
2024-2028		2,320,000		2,859,616		5,179,616
2029-2033		2,940,000		2,238,541		5,178,541
2034-2038		3,745,000		1,425,625		5,170,625
2039-2042		3,755,000		387,125		4,142,125
Totals	\$	16,015,000	\$ 1	4,013,584	\$	30,028,584

The Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 were issued in the amount of \$9,370,000, due in annual installments through October 1, 2042; interest rates at 4.00% to 5.00%. The purpose of this issue was to finance the cost of improvements to the Water System of the City. The balance of the proceeds was used to pay the cost of issuing the bonds and to set up reserves for near term interest and future debt service payments. The bonds are payable solely from the revenue of the City's Water System Revenues and are secured by a lien and pledge of such revenues. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$9,370,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Water Revenue Bonds Series 2012					
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$	-	\$	424,800	\$	424,800
2015				424,800		424,800
2016				424,800		424,800
2017				424,800		424,800
2018				424,800		424,800
2019-2023				2,124,000		2,124,000
2024-2028				2,124,000		2,124,000
2029-2033		2,145,000		1,899,875		4,044,875
2034-2038		3,215,000		1,285,875		4,500,875
2039-2043		4,010,000		470,400		4,480,400
Totals	\$	9,370,000	\$ -	10,028,150	\$	19,398,150

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding bonded indebtedness as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Fiscal				Вι	siness-type		
Year Ending	 CSCDA		astewater Revenue		Water Revenue	Harbor	
June 30,	 Bonds		Bonds		Bonds	 Bonds	 Total
2014 2015	\$ 665,000 685,000	\$	270,000 280.000	\$	-	\$ 100,000 105,000	\$ 1,035,000 1,070,000
2016	710,000		290,000			103,000	1,000,000
2017	740,000		300,000				1,040,000
2018	765,000		310,000				1,075,000
2019-2023	4,390,000		1,805,000				6,195,000
2024-2028	4,330,000		2,320,000				6,650,000
2029-2033	680,000		2,940,000		2,145,000		5,765,000
2034-2038			3,745,000		3,215,000		6,960,000
2039-2043			3,755,000		4,010,000		7,765,000
	\$ 12,965,000	\$ 1	6,015,000	\$	9,370,000	\$ 205,000	\$ 38,555,000

F. Compensated Absences

Employees may accumulate up to 30 days of vacation leave, except management employees, who may accumulate up to 44 days. Employees may accumulate an indefinite amount of sick leave. Vacation leave accrues at a rate determined by the employee's years of service and whether they work an 8-hour or 24-hour shift. The number of hours that accrue per month varies from 8 to 22. Vacation leave vests as it is accrued and unused vacation leave is payable upon retirement or termination. Compensation hours (executive leave) accrue for management and mid-management at 9 and 6 days per year, respectively. Compensation hours also accrue for police, fire and other specified employees in lieu of cash payments for overtime. A liability has been created to account for the accrued vacation and compensation leave in the government-wide financial statements. The City has in past liquidated compensated leave in the general fund and all the proprietary funds. Vested vacation pay is expensed as earned in the proprietary fund types. The City's liability for earned vacation and compensation pay consisted of the following amounts as of June 30, 2013:

Governmental Funds	\$ 1,353,085
Internal Service Funds	49,223
Subtotal Governmental Activities	1,402,308
Business-type Funds	195,121
Total	\$ 1,597,429

NOTE 10 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City of Eureka is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation, general liability and property insurance coverage. During fiscal year 2012-13 there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage.

B. Risk Pool Arrangements

The City is an associate member of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity pool comprised of fifteen northern California charter and associate member cities. REMIF is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of REMIF is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

For each of its insurance programs, REMIF has a multilevel risk sharing arrangement. Initially each individual charter or associate member city participating in a program assumes its own losses up to a predetermined deductible level. Losses and claims in excess of the deductibles and within REMIF's stated retention limits are paid out of a central pool maintained by REMIF. This central pool is funded by all of the cities participating in that program through premium assessments. REMIF purchases excess loss insurance policies (reinsurance) to provide coverage for losses and claims in excess of REMIF's stated retention limits up to specified amounts. Losses and claims ceded to reinsurers would represent a contingent liability to REMIF if the reinsurers were unable to meet their existing obligations under the reinsurance agreements. Losses and claims which surpass the limits of the excess of loss insurance policies are the responsibility of the individual city in which the loss or claim originates.

REMIF programs do not insure the City's losses resulting from events which occurred prior to the March 1, 1993, the date on which the City became an associate member of REMIF.

The City of Eureka participates in the following three REMIF programs:

General Liability Insurance – Annual premiums are paid by the member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Eureka self-insures for the first \$25,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$25,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under a range of between \$5,000 to \$25,000, depending on the entity's deductible amount. Participating cities then share in the next \$25,000 to \$500,000 per loss occurrence. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, professional liability, and certain other coverage. REMIF is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority, which provides REMIF with an additional \$9,500,000 liability insurance coverage over and above REMIF retention level of \$500,000.

Worker's Compensation – Periodic deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Eureka is self-insured for the first \$10,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$10,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under \$10,000.

Losses of \$10,000 to \$300,000 are prorated among all participating cities. Losses in excess of \$300,000 are covered by excess insurance purchased by participating cities, as part of the pool, to State statutory limits.

NOTE 10 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Risk Pool Arrangements (Continued)

Property Insurance – The City participates in REMIF's property insurance program. The annual deposits paid by participating member cities are based upon deductibility levels and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. The City of Eureka has a deductible level of \$10,000 and a coverage limit of \$60,000,000 declared value.

The following is a summary of the financial statements of REMIF as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 (latest available):

Total Assets	\$ 18,010,735
Total Liabilities	14,429,297
Total Net Assets	3,581,438
Total Revenues	8,854,620
Total Expenses	8,805,881
Increase in Net Assets	48,739
Total Long-Term Debt	11,120,116

Other Insurance Programs

The City maintains the following programs for exposure to losses which are not covered by REMIF:

General Liability Insurance – Losses incurred after February 28, 1993, are covered by REMIF, as described in Paragraph A above. For losses incurred prior to March 1, 1993, the City accrues its share of general liability based on an analysis of past experience.

The City self-insures for \$100,000 per occurrence. The City's excess coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence with \$5,000,000 annual general aggregate coverage on the primary policy.

The total excess liability provides \$10,000,000 coverage per occurrence or in the aggregate annually.

Worker's Compensation Insurance – Losses incurred after February 28, 1993, are covered by REMIF, as described in Paragraph A above. For losses incurred prior to March 1, 1993, the City accrued workers' compensation liability based on an actuarial evaluation of claims, which was accomplished during the year ended June 30, 1996. The City self-insures claims up to \$90,000 during the first payment year following the date of the accident, \$50,000 during the second payment year, and \$40,000 during the third and each subsequent payment year following the date of the accident resulting in injury. Excess worker's compensation insurance coverage is maintained with a limit of \$2,000,000 to protect against catastrophic losses.

Group Health and Benefits – On August 1, 2002 the City terminated a self-insured group health and benefit program for its employees and eligible dependents. The self-insured group health and benefits "tail" claims were paid through June 30, 2003. City employees choose from a number of benefit plans (dental, health, vision, life insurance, long-term disability, 125 plan medical and/or dependent care) available to them through the City using the monthly fringe benefit contribution from the City. Each plan requires an employee deductible amount and pays benefit percentages that vary depending on plan carrier.

NOTE 11 CLAIMS ADJUSTMENTS

The City maintains an internal service fund to account for general liability insurance, worker's compensation insurance, and group health and benefits insurance. The primary source of revenue for this fund consists of charges for services to the other funds of the City of Eureka. Claims liabilities are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 10 and 30, which require that claims liabilities, including IBNR (incurred but not reported claims), be based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, using past experience adjusted for current trends and any other factors that would modify past experience. Claims liabilities include specific, incremental claim adjustment expenditures/expenses. Expenditures/expenses and liabilities may be estimated through a case by case review of all claims, the application of historical experience to the outstanding claims, or a combination of these methods. Estimates of IBNR losses are based on historical experience. Claims liability has not been accrued for risks of losses which have been transferred to the public entity risk pool (REMIF).

The following schedule presents changes in accrued claims payable for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012:

	General Liability Insurance	Worker's Compensation Insurance		
Accrued claims payable, June 30, 2011	\$ 109,882	\$ 97,842		
Provision for insured events payments Payments made to public entity risk pool Direct payments made by the City	504,837 (723,978)	317,540 (408,994) (37,469)		
Accrued claims payable, June 30, 2012	(109,259)	(31,081)		
Provision for insured events payments Payments made to public entity risk pool Direct payments made by the City	787,498 (767,708) (14,090)	598,558 (540,852) (149,402)		
Accrued claims payable, June 30, 2013	\$ (103,559)	\$ (122,777)		

NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS):

Plan description

The City of Eureka (City) is the administrator of the Fire and Police Pension Benefits Plan (Plan), which is a single-employer public employee retirement system (LERS) originally established by the City in accordance with the City charter and state statutes for the benefit of its employees. This plan was formally terminated June 30, 1984, when its only remaining participants were retired members and employees who did not elect to be covered by the state public employees' retirement system at August 24, 1969. The last active member retired in 1988.

Members of the Plan were given credit for service from their date of hire to the date of the Plan termination. Active and retired members were given a one-time election to receive, in lieu of other benefits promised under the Plan, a single-sum payment. The buy-out during fiscal year 1984-85 totaled \$9,513,214. There have been no additional buy-out payments since 1985.

NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS) (Continued):

Plan description (Continued)

LERS is included as part of the primary government of the City and is included in the City's financial statements as a fiduciary fund. As of June 30, 2013, LERS membership consisted of 13 police and fire retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. Under LERS, after twenty-five years or more of service, in the aggregate, or upon reaching the age of sixty-five years, each covered employee was entitled to receive a yearly pension, in semi-monthly installments, equal to one-half the amount of salary attached to the rank which he/she may have held in the Fire or Police Department. Any employee who had not worked the full period of twenty-five years before reaching the age of sixty-five was entitled to have the amount of pension prorated according to the number of years worked in proportion to the period of twenty-five years of active service required for the pension provision.

Basis of Accounting – The City of Eureka LERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Summary of significant accounting policies and plan asset matters

Methods Used to Value Investments – Investments are reported at fair value. Cash and Cash equivalents are reported at cost, which approximates fair value (see also Note 1, Section I). Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported as estimated fair value.

Contributions required and contributions made

The City's Municipal Code, Title III, Chapter 34, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefits provisions of the Plan to the City Council.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Actuarial determined funding policy provides for recommended period employer contributions for a projected forty-year cash flow under a thirty-year funding policy. During the last 5 fiscal years, contributions were not made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. During the fiscal year 2006-07, contributions from the General Fund were made to cover benefits on a "pay as you go" basis. No contributions were made during the fiscal year 2007-08. During the fiscal years 2009-10, 2010-11, and 2011-12, contributions from the General Fund were made to cover benefits on a "pay as you go" basis. All administrative costs are financed by the City.

NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS) (Continued):

Contributions required and contributions made (Continued)

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> – The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to LERS for the 2012-13 fiscal year was as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	(45,499)
Interest on net pension obligation		(47,466)
Adjustments to annual required contribution		81,453
Annual pension cost		(11,512)
Contribution made		(466,199)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		(477,711)
Net pension obligation (assets), beginning of fiscal year		(791,095)
Net pension obligation (assets), end of fiscal year	\$ (1,268,806)

The annual required contribution for the fiscal year 2012-13 was determined as part of the June 30, 2013, actuarial review using the entry age normal cost method, with the determination of the initial unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 1988, and amortizing that value over the remaining portion of thirty years, with such thirty year period beginning with the date of the initial funding method at July 1, 1975. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll.

The actuarial assumptions included: (a) Rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of six percent per year, (b) projected salary increases of four percent per year attributable to inflation, and; (c) post-retirement mortality rates based on the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, with a five-year setback for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments.

There was a material change in actuarial method for the fiscal year 1997-98 used to determine the Net Pension Obligation. The major change in the calculations dealt with the actuarial required contribution (ARC) for each of the years prior to 1997. The prior number was calculated with the recommended annual contributions being used as the ARC. Such recommended amounts amortized all gains and losses over a period that ends on June 30, 2013. The 2008-09 calculations were based on the required contributions under the entry age normal cost method, with the initial unfunded liability amortized over a period of forty years starting on July 1, 1974, actuarial experience gains and losses amortized over fifteen years from the date of recognition, and gains and losses created due to a change in actuarial assumptions amortized over thirty years. The June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation bases the calculations on the entry age normal cost method, with the initial unfunded liability amortized over a thirty year period starting on July 1, 1975, actuarial experience gains and losses being amortized over fifteen years, and gains and losses created due to a change in actuarial assumptions being amortized over thirty years. Except for the change in amortization of the initial unfunded liability from forty to thirty years noted above, there were no other material changes in the actuarial assumptions or benefit provisions.

NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS) (Continued):

Three year trend information

				Net
Fiscal		Annual	Percentage	Pension
Year Ended	F	Pension	of APC	Obligation
June 30,	_Cc	ost (APC)	Contributed	(Assets)
2011	\$	(14,660)	100%	\$ (589,002)
2012		(24,914)	100%	(791,095)
2013		(11,512)	100%	(1,268,806)

Funded Status — Most Recent Actuarial Valuation

According to the Plan's June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, total actuarial assets of \$51,919 represented 1.29% of the total actuarial accrued liabilities of \$4,020,040 as of June 30, 2012. Additionally, total unfunded actuarial liabilities were \$3,968,121 at June 30, 2012 according to the valuation. For multiyear trend information, please refer to the schedules of funding progress in the supplementary information section of these financial statements. As noted in GASB Statement No. 50, this reference to the schedules of funding progress does not represent or imply incorporation of the schedules of funding progress into notes to the financial statements.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan description

The City of Eureka contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. As of July 1, 2005, the City was mandated by the State to participate in the risk pool. The risk pool combines the assets and liabilities across employers of the same risk pool to provide a method to spread the risk of uncertain gains and losses over a larger base of members. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and Ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Annual Required Contribution

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 22.429% both for miscellaneous employees and miscellaneous employees subject to Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), 38.328% for police employees and 12.25 for police employee subject to PEPRA, and 39.268% for fire employees, 20.516% for fire tier 1, and 12.25 for fire employee subject to PEPRA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by CaIPERS. The City's contributions to CaIPERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$5,557,654, \$5,211,028, and \$4,523,703 respectively, and were equal to required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 13 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City offers its employees two deferred compensation plans in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as follows:

Full-time employees

This plan is available to all City full-time employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional.

Part-time employees

This plan covers part-time employees, who in lieu of paying FICA, contribute 7.5 percent of their earnings as retirement benefits.

The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City deducts deferred compensation from employee compensation and forwards it to the Plan's administrator on a semi-monthly basis. The City amended its plan in order to conform to the amendments of the Internal Revenue Code. The amendments provide that the assets of the Plan shall be held for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries, and the assets shall not be diverted for any other purposes. The City has little administrative involvement, does not have custody of the assets, and does not perform the investing function. In addition, the City has no liability for any losses that may be incurred by the Plan.

NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are pending claims and litigation against the City, which are considered normal to the City's operation. City management is of the opinion that potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the basic financial statements of the City beyond funded reserves.

NOTE 15 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, City management has reviewed all known events that have occurred after June 30, 2013, and through March 31, 2014, the date when this financial statement was available to be issued, for inclusion in the financial statements and footnotes.

NOTE 16 NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

GASB Statement No. 34 adds the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

a. Net Position

Net position is divided into three classifications under GASB Statement No. 34. These classifications apply only to net position as determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

NOTE 16 NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

a. Net Position (Continued)

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$16,694,651 of restricted net position, of which \$0 is restricted by enabling legislation.

b. Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

		Suc Ho		Nonmajor Governmental				
Fund Balances	 General		Authority		Funds	Total		
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 85,935	\$		\$		\$	85,935	
Total Nonspendable	85,935						85,935	
Restricted for:								
Housing			1,330,060		1,790,388		3,120,448	
Law enforcement					519,948		519,948	
Road improvements					972,895		972,895	
Airport					120,386		120,386	
Total Restricted			1,330,060		3,403,617		4,733,677	
Unassigned:	1,822,717				(985,907)		836,810	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,908,652	\$	1,330,060	\$	2,417,710	\$	5,656,422	

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Eureka that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the state Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Balance at uly 1, 2012	A	dditions	Re	eductions		Transfers		Balance at ne 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress Total capital assets,	\$	2,046,099	\$	351,108	\$	(26,662)	\$	(2,126,910)	\$	243,635
not being depreciated		2,046,099		351,108		(26,662)		(2,126,910)		243,635
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings								1,945,282		1,945,282
Machinery and equipment								181,628		181,628
Total capital assets being depreciated								2,126,910		2,126,910
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings				(48,632)						(48,632)
Machinery and equipment				(9,081)						(9,081)
Total accumulated depreciation				(57,713)						(57,713)
Total capital assets										
being depreciated, net				(57,713)				2,126,910		2,069,197
Capital assets, net	\$	2,046,099	\$	293,395	\$	(26,662)	\$	-	\$	2,312,832
The following is a selective	-41-		_ : : :	- f il f:.	!.		J 1	00 0010	١.	
The following is a schedule	טו וט	ng-term liai	omues	s for the fis	scai y	ear endec	J Ju	ne 30, 2013	3.	
Revenue Bonds Pavable										

Revenue Bonds Payable 2003 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds Series B	\$ 15,250,000 4,960,000 4,235,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000,000) (115,000) (45,000)	\$ 14,250,000 4,845,000 4,190,000	\$ 1,040,000 120,000 45,000
Total Bonds Payable	24,445,000	_	(1,160,000)	23,285,000	1,205,000
Bond Discount	(114,932	<u> </u>	4,144	(110,788)	(4,144)
Deferred Loss on Refunding	(263,469	<u> </u>	60,800	(202,669)	(60,800)
Compensated Absences	106,949	_	(106,949)		
California Infrastructure Bank Loan	1,689,804	_	(109,341)	1,580,463	112,435
Total	\$ 25,863,352	\$ -	\$ (1,311,346)	\$ 24,552,006	\$ 1,252,491

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

Intergovernmental Loan

California Infrastructure Bank Loan (I-Bank)

On February 1, 2008, the Eureka Redevelopment Agency (Agency) entered into an agreement with I-Bank to borrow \$2,000,000 at 2.83% to construct C Street Market Square.

Loan proceeds are disbursed to the Agency as capital costs are incurred and submitted. Annual principal payments and semi-annual interest payments are due through November 2024. The agency will be credited for interest on undisbursed proceeds at 2.83%. A loan initiation fee of \$17,000 is being amortized over the seventeen years of the loan. The amount outstanding as of June 30, 2013 was \$1,580,463.

The following is the debt service schedule:

Fiscal Yea				
June	30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
201	4	\$ 112,435	\$ 43,133	\$ 155,568
201	5	115,617	39,906	155,523
201	6	118,889	36,588	155,477
201	7	122,254	33,176	155,430
201	8	125,714	29,667	155,381
2019-2	2023	683,991	92,130	776,121
2024-2	2026	301,563	8,592	 310,155
		\$ 1,580,463	\$ 283,192	\$ 1,863,655

Revenue Bonds

2003 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, issued by Eureka Public Financing Authority (Authority), in the amount of \$15,250,000. The bond issue consisted of the following: \$15,250,000 serial bonds carrying interest rates of 4.00% to 4.80% and maturing in annual increments of \$1,000,000 to \$1,600,000 with maturity dates of November 1 each year from 2012 through 2023. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$14,250,000.

These bonds are secured by a first lien on and pledge of all the amounts payable by the Agency and the Authority pursuant to loan agreements between the Agency and the Authority, and other revenues specified in the indenture. Each loan agreement is secured by a first pledge of and lien on the incremental tax revenues received by the Agency from redevelopment project areas. Each loan is additionally secured by a first and exclusive pledge of and lien upon all of the money held in the Reserve Account established with respect to the related loan. These bonds are payable solely from the revenues discussed in this paragraph and are not secured by the general taxing power of the City of Eureka.

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Future minimum debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		 Interest	 Total		
2014	\$	1,040,000	\$ 617,543	\$ 1,657,543		
2015		1,085,000	575,042	1,660,042		
2016		1,125,000	528,031	1,653,031		
2017		1,175,000	478,043	1,653,043		
2018		1,225,000	427,030	1,652,030		
2019-2023		7,000,000	1,233,653	8,233,653		
2024		1,600,000	38,400	1,638,400		
	\$	14,250,000	\$ 3,897,742	\$ 18,147,742		

The Eureka Public Financing Authority also issued two series of bonds in January 2010.

The 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A (Taxable) were issued in the amount of \$4,960,000. The purpose of this issue was to pay off an advance owed to the City of Eureka's General Fund in the amount of \$3,584,373. The balance of the proceeds was used to pay the cost of issuing the bonds and to set up reserves for near term interest and future debt service payments. Interest rates on this issue of bond indebtedness vary from 5.5% to 8.0%. The bond issue matures in annual increments with maturity dates on November 1 of each year from 2012 through 2032, the termination date of the Eureka Redevelopment Agency (Agency) at which time the remaining balance becomes due. The bonds were issued with \$89,468 discount. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$4,845,000.

The 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series B (Tax Exempt) were issued in the amount of \$4,235,000. The purpose of this issue was to finance the costs of certain public capital improvements within the Redevelopment project area to include improvements to the Boardwalk with the construction of the C Street Market Square and the Fishermen's Terminal Building. A portion of the proceeds will also be used to repay a note payable from the Eureka Redevelopment Agency to the City of Eureka Wastewater Fund. The balance of the proceeds was used to pay the cost of issuing the bonds and to set up reserves for near term interest and future debt service payments. Interest rates on this issue of bond indebtedness vary from 2.25% to 5.875%. The bond issue matures in annual increments with maturity dates on November 1 of each fiscal year from 2012 through 2037, the termination date of the agency, at which time the remaining balance becomes due. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$4,190,000.

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Future minimum debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Series A Bonds				Series E	ds	Total				
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	
2014	\$	120,000	\$	361,050	\$ 45,000	\$	236,155	\$ 165,000	\$	597,205	
2015		125,000		354,312	50,000		234,724	175,000		589,036	
2016		135,000		347,162	50,000		232,974	185,000		580,136	
2017		140,000		338,550	50,000		231,011	190,000		569,561	
2018		150,000		328,400	55,000		228,783	205,000		557,183	
2019-2023		920,000		1,461,513	310,000		1,101,896	1,230,000		2,563,409	
2024-2028		1,320,000		1,047,888	405,000		1,005,082	1,725,000		2,052,970	
2029-2033		1,935,000		411,000	540,000		871,260	2,475,000		1,282,260	
2034-2037					 2,685,000		326,797	2,685,000		326,797	
Totals	\$	4,845,000	\$	4,649,875	\$ 4,190,000	\$	4,468,682	\$ 9,035,000	\$	9,118,557	

Advances to/from City of Eureka

Due to the State SERAF payment requirement during fiscal year 2010, the Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund had insufficient cash to make the payment. Borrowing from the Redevelopment Low and Moderate Housing Special Revenue Fund was authorized by State SERAF legislation. The fund will repay the Housing Fund by June 2016. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$656,101.

The Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund borrowed \$429,069 from the Water Fund for water redevelopment project costs. Interest accrues on these advances at a variable rate based on current earnings for the City as a whole. At the end of the fiscal year, unpaid interest is added to the principal of the advances. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$491,288.

The Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund borrowed \$6,013,622 from the Wastewater Fund for wastewater redevelopment project costs. Interest accrues on these advances at a variable rate based on current earnings for the City as a whole. At the end of the fiscal year, unpaid interest is added to the principal of the advances. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$4,655,485.

Receivable Funds	Payable Funds	 Amount
Major Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund	Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	\$ 656,101
Major Water Enterprise Fund	Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	491,288
Major Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	4,655,485
		\$ 5,802,874

NOTE 19 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

		rnment-wide atements		rnment-wide atements		
		ernmental		iness-type		
Reason for adjustments		Activities		ctivities		
Understatement of capital assets	\$	839,528	\$	162,399		
(Understatement) of unearned revenue				(46,313)		
(Understatement) of PERS side fund payable		(7,994,409)				
	\$	(7,154,881)	\$	116,086		
	Propr	ietary Funds				
	_	Water		astewater		
	Е	nterprise	Е	nterprise		
Reason for adjustments	Φ.	Fund	Φ.	Fund		
(Overstatement) Understatement of capital assets (Understatement) of unearned revenue	\$	190,410	\$	193,137		
	\$	190,410	\$	193,137		
				Propriet	ary Fun	
		Harbor		Transit		Golf
	E	nterprise	Е	nterprise	E	Interprise
Reason for adjustments	\$	Fund (30,347)	\$	Fund (78,683)	\$	Fund (112,118)
(Overstatement) Understatement of capital assets (Understatement) of unearned revenue	Φ	(46,313)	Φ	(70,003)	Ψ	(112,110)
	\$	(76,660)	\$	(78,683)	\$	(112,118)
		ate-Purpose				
		rust Fund				
		essor Agency				
Pagan for adjustments	De	bt Service Fund				
Reason for adjustments		i uiiu				
(Understatement) of unearned revenue	\$	(1,942,087)				

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CITY OF EUREKA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Budgeted	unte				riance with nal Budget	
		Original	AIIIO	Final		Actual		ve (Negative
Revenues:		Original		ı ıııaı		Actual	1 0311	ive (ivegalive
Taxes	\$	18,531,700	\$	18,781,700	\$	19,542,556	\$	760,856
Licenses, permits, and fees	,	961,200	•	961,200	·	940,600	,	(20,600)
Fines and penalties		224,000		224,000		252,688		28,688
Investment income		9,000		9,000		(4,294)		(13,294)
Intergovernmental		3,142,765		3,516,106		2,604,293		(911,813)
Charges for services		4,499,283		4,499,283		3,792,428		(706,855)
Other revenues		312,060		314,010		639,770		325,760
Total Revenues		27,680,008		28,305,299		27,768,041		(537,258)
Expenditures:								
General government-								
Council		100,319		146,319		157,604		(11,285)
Mayor		26,819		26,819		27,658		(839)
City Manager		333,597		516,275		529,302		(13,027)
City Clerk		232,998		232,998		218,130		14,868
Human Resources		416,456		416,456		420,601		(4,145)
Finance		762,224		762,224		642,280		119,944
City Attorney		372,314		372,314		381,321		(9,007)
Non-departmental		(1,816,499)		(1,628,290)		1,562,547		(3,190,837)
Public safety-		(1,010,100)		(1,000,000)		1,00=,011		(=,:==,==:)
Police		12,177,925		12,208,526		10,599,706		1,608,820
Fire		7,911,325		7,919,059		6,820,366		1,098,693
Public works-		,- ,		,,		-,,		,,
Engineering		610,476		612,299		628,129		(15,830)
Maintenance		2,272,474		2,353,718		1,883,811		469,907
Community development		729,891		729,891		683,217		46,674
Culture and recreation		2,888,444		2,895,734		2,601,363		294,371
Capital outlay		819,441		918,547		991,459		(72,912)
Debt service -		010,111		010,017		001,100		(12,012)
Principal payments		238,556		238,556		207,548		31,008
Interest and fiscal charges		48,464		48,464		29,964		18,500
Total Expenditures		28,125,224		28,769,909		28,385,006		384,903
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(445,216)		(464,610)		(616,965)		(152,355)
(under) experientares		(440,210)	-	(404,010)		(010,303)		(102,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from capital leases						338,000		338,000
Transfers in		1,251,638		1,251,638		000,000		(1,251,638)
Transfers out		(1,574,001)		(1,574,001)		(104 714)		1,469,287
Transiers out		(1,374,001)		(1,374,001)		(104,714)	-	1,409,207
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(322,363)		(322,363)		233,286		555,649
Net changes in fund balance		(767,579)		(786,973)		(383,679)		403,294
Fund Balance, beginning of fiscal year		2,292,331		2,292,331		2,292,331		
Fund Balance, end of fiscal year	\$	1,524,752	\$	1,505,358	\$	1,908,652	\$	403,294
i una balance, ena oi liscal yeal	φ	1,324,732	φ	1,505,556	φ	1,900,002	Ψ	403,234

CITY OF EUREKA

SUCCESSOR HOUSING AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Budgeted	l Amoı	unts				iance with al Budget
_		Original	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,571	\$	46,571
Charges for services						14,113		14,113
Other revenues						849,350		849,350
Total Revenues						910,034		910,034
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development						760,443		(760,443)
Total Expenditures						760,443		(760,443)
Net Changes in Fund Balances						149,591		149,591
Fund Balance, beginning of fiscal year	-	1,180,469		1,180,469		1,180,469		
Fund Balance, end of fiscal year	\$	1,180,469	\$	1,180,469	\$	1,330,060	\$	149,591

CITY OF EUREKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS)

	Actuarial	Actuarial				
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded	Annual	UAAL as a
Valuation	Assets (AVA)	Liabilities	AAL	Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL)	(AVA)/(AAL)	Payroll	Covered payroll
6/30/1996	\$ 1,500,695	\$ 6,955,634	\$ 5,454,939	21.6%	N/A	N/A
6/30/1997	1,486,314	6,851,822	5,365,508	21.7%	N/A	N/A
6/30/1998	1,477,862	7,013,672	5,535,810	21.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/1999	1,177,209	6,883,361	5,706,152	17.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2000	1,271,710	6,178,799	4,907,089	20.6%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2001	1,426,952	6,078,866	4,651,914	23.5%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2002	1,521,478	6,648,840	5,127,362	22.9%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003	1,310,755	6,517,915	5,207,160	20.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004	1,253,920	5,749,458	4,495,538	21.8%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2005	875,905	5,599,704	4,723,799	15.6%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2006	904,323	4,985,969	4,081,646	18.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2007	1,284,477	4,806,301	3,521,524	26.7%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2008	849,471	4,959,400	4,109,929	17.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2009	634,937	4,740,136	4,105,199	13.4%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2010	348,920	4,926,194	4,577,274	7.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2011	15,016	4,682,353	4,667,337	0.3%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2012	51,919	4,020,040	3,968,121	1.3%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2013 *	25,252	3,792,045	3,766,793	0.7%	N/A	N/A

^{*} Actuarial review and update based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation date.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	1 7	
Fiscal Year	Annual	
Ended	Required	Percentage
June 30	Contribution	Contributed
1996	\$ 590,693	85%
1997	590,693	69%
1998	616,275	69%
1999	616,275	24%
2000	556,724	90%
2001	556,724	90%
2002	607,686	68%
2003	607,686	74%
2004	571,992	74%
2005	(123,022)	100%
2006	(163,025)	100%
2007	(121,366)	100%
2008	(88,525)	100%
2009	(31,650)	100%
2010	8,496	100%
2011	14,660	100%
2012	(24,914)	100%
2013	(11,512)	100%

CITY OF EUREKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2013

<u>SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - Local Employees' Retirement System (LERS)</u> (<u>Continued</u>)

Information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date 6/30/2012 (June 30, 2013)

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Straight Line Amortization – Closed

Remaining amortization period 40 year period beginning with the date of initial

funding method (7/1/1975)

Asset valuation method Smoothed market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.0% Projected salary increases 4.0%

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. These funds are required by statute or ordinance to finance particular functions or activities of government. The Special Revenue Funds of the City are:

- Gas Tax/State Highway Funds These funds are required by state law to account for gas tax monies allocated by the State. Taxes levied by the State on gasoline and other motor fuels are allocated among cities, counties, and the State. The funds can be used for street and road expenditures, as defined by state law. Occasionally, other street and road related grants are receipted into these funds. Other revenues include State Highway funds traded for Federal ISTEA funds (per California Senate Bill 1435). The funds can be used for the same purposes as gas tax funds (see above). Under SB 45, the State Transportation Improvement Plan provides funding for approved local street projects. Revenues are derived from both state and federal funds. Revenue received from CalTrans through the sale of property to fund projects that provide congestion relief for travel through the City is also allocated here. These funds are also used to account for revenue received from the State for the purpose of street and highway pavement maintenance, rehabilitation, and reconstruction of necessary associated facilities such as drainage and traffic devices.
- Habitat Acquisition and Restoration Fund This fund is used to account for grants and other funds restricted or designated specially for acquisition, restoration, or mitigation projects approved by the City.
- Environmental Programs Fund Revenues to this fund are restricted by law for implementation of various environmental programs throughout the City, particularly solid waste source reduction.
- Special Police Funds These funds are used to account for revenues from several programs which are restricted as to use for police programs. These include drug asset forfeitures, vehicle theft funds, the State supplemental law enforcement services program, traffic offender funds, abandoned vehicle abatement funds, and the California law enforcement equipment program fund.
- Parking Fund Revenues to this fund consist primarily of parking fees and fines that are used for the maintenance of parking lots, signs, meters and enforcement activities.
- Capital Improvements Fund Revenues to this fund include state and federal grants and transfers from other City funds designated by Council action to be used for specified capital maintenance/improvement projects.
- **Demolition Projects Fund** Revenues to this fund consist primarily of transfers from the General Fund and are to be used for abatement actions authorized by the Municipal Code or by the Uniform Building Code.
- Airport Fund Revenues to this fund are restricted by law for maintenance and capital improvements at the Eureka Municipal Airport.
- Special Fire Funds These funds receive revenues from the Hazardous Materials (Hazmat) Authority, the General Fund, and grants and response charges to operate the Hazmat response team.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

• Housing Fund – This fund is used to account for all housing funds of the City, including: the proceeds of Community Development Block grants, as required by federal regulations; reimbursement of block grant economic development loans ("program income"); rental rehabilitation state grant funds; Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) for loans of federal and state grant funds; and local housing to operate as a revolving loan fund. Funding sources for the housing loan programs include grants and loan repayments.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest, and related costs on long-term obligations. The Debt Service Fund of the City is:

• Public Financing Authority Fund – This fund was established to repay principal and interest of the tax allocation bonds issued by the Eureka Public Financing Authority. Debt service payments are made from the proceeds of loan repayments from the Eureka Redevelopment Agency.

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CITY OF EUREKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Gas Tax/ State Highway	A	Habitat cquisition and estoration		ronmental rograms		Special Police	F	Parking
Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes and loans receivable Advances to other funds	\$	1,017,136 58,163 1,342	\$	90,000 (220)	\$	7,515 6	\$	888,958 227,862 (468)	\$	57,637 77
Total Assets	\$	1,076,641	\$	89,780	\$	7,521	\$	1,116,352	\$	57,714
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	100,886	\$	729 166,014	\$	694 8,132	\$	13,838 776,680	\$	5,088
Deposits payable Payroll and related liabilities Unearned revenue Advances from other funds		6,536		90,000		546		4,979 52,785		2,481
Total Liabilities		107,422		256,743		9,372		848,282		7,569
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned		969,219		(166,963)		(1,851)		268,070		50,145
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		969,219		(166,963)		(1,851)		268,070		50,145
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,076,641	\$	89,780	\$	7,521	\$	1,116,352	\$	57,714

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	-------

Capital Demolition Improvements Projects			Special Airport Fire Housing				Housing	Public Financing Authority Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$ 10,385	\$	21,150	\$	120,896 1,674 152	\$	203,848 274	\$	1,790,342 2,333 2,006,483 34,605	\$ -	\$	4,078,817 416,749 3,496 2,006,483 34,605	
\$ 10,385	\$	21,150	\$	122,722	\$	204,122	\$	3,833,763	\$ -	\$	6,540,150	
\$ - 6,709	\$	17,246 807,997	\$	2,238	\$	1,897	\$	11,742 150	\$ -	\$	154,358 1,765,532 150	
		13,000		98		492		2,031,483			15,132 2,174,268 13,000	
6,709		838,243		2,336		2,389		2,043,375			4,122,440	
 3,676		(817,093)		120,386		201,733		1,790,388			3,403,617 (985,907)	
3,676		(817,093)		120,386		201,733		1,790,388			2,417,710	
\$ 10,385	\$	21,150	\$	122,722	\$	204,122	\$	3,833,763	\$ -	\$	6,540,150	

CITY OF EUREKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Gas Tax/ State Highway	Α	Habitat cquisition and estoration		ronmental rograms		Special Police		Parking
REVENUES Licenses, permits, and fees	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	61,705
Fines and penalties	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	121,429	φ	104,545
Investment income				(1,648)		(4)		(1,974)		214
Intergovernmental		958,330		809		42,667		1,070,080		
Charges for services		12,008				00.705		51,609		593
Other revenues		42,590				20,725		179,055		
Total Revenues		1,012,928		(839)		63,388		1,420,199		167,057
EXPENDITURES Current: General government										
Public safety								719,760		90,161
Public works		658,292		15,228		73,615				42,289
Community development Capital outlay		416,603						1,360,804		14,864
Debt service:		+10,000						1,500,004		14,004
Principal payments										22,539
Interest and fiscal charges										2,448
Total Expenditures		1,074,895		15,228		73,615		2,080,564		172,301
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(61,967)		(16,067)		(10,227)		(660,365)		(5,244)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in								2,667		
Proceeds from capital lease								444,479		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								447,146		
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(61,967)		(16,067)		(10,227)		(213,219)		(5,244)
Fund Balances (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year		1,031,186		(150,896)		8,376		481,289		55,389
Fund Balances (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	969,219	\$	(166,963)	\$	(1,851)	\$	268,070	\$	50,145

Special Revenue Funds															
Capital rovements		emolition Projects		Airport		Special Fire		Housing	Public Financing Authority Debt Service		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds				
\$ 433 458,807 21 459,261	\$	1,875 10,494 12,369	\$	704 10,000 563 15,445 26,712	\$	948 17,977 114 19,039	\$ - 23,280 293,030 165,547 481,857		\$ -		\$ -		23,280 293,030 165,547		\$ 61,705 225,974 23,828 2,833,723 82,750 433,991 3,661,971
573,208		262,544		109,345		52,743		330,647		5,688	862,664 898,769 336,335 2,628,023 22,539 2,448				
 573,208		262,544		109,345	-	52,743		330,647		5,688	 4,750,778				
 (113,947)		(250,175)		(82,633)		(33,704)		151,210		(5,688)	 (1,088,807)				
							_				2,667 444,479 447,146				
(113,947)		(250,175)		(82,633)		(33,704)		151,210		(5,688)	(641,661)				
 117,623		(566,918)		203,019		235,437		1,639,178		5,688	 3,059,371				
\$ 3,676	\$	(817,093)	\$	120,386	\$	201,733	\$	1,790,388	\$		\$ 2,417,710				

CITY OF EUREKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Ga	s Tax / State Hig	hway	Habitat Acquisition and Restoration				
_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Licenses, permits, and fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Fines and penalties	Φ -	Φ -	Φ -	Φ -	Φ -	Φ -		
Investment income					(1,648)	(1,648)		
Intergovernmental	2,261,332	958,330	(1,303,002)	263,880	809	(263,071)		
Charges for services	17,500	12,008	(5,492)	,		(,- ,		
Other revenues	20,700	42,590	21,890					
Total Revenues	2,299,532	1,012,928	(1,286,604)	263,880	(839)	(264,719)		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Public safety	700 077	CEO 000	45 505	000 000	15.000	040.050		
Public works Community development	703,877	658,292	45,585	263,880	15,228	248,652		
Capital outlay	2,416,461	416,603	1,999,858					
Debt service:	2,410,401	410,000	1,000,000					
Principal payments								
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total Expenditures	3,120,338	1,074,895	2,045,443	263,880	15,228	248,652		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	(820,806)	(61,967)	758,839		(16,067)	(16,067)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from capital leases								
1 Todeeds from capital leases				-	·			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			,					
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(820,806)	(61,967)	758,839		(16,067)	(16,067)		
Fund Balances (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year	1,031,186	1,031,186		(150,896)	(150,896)			
Fund Balances (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$ 210,380	\$ 969,219	\$ 758,839	\$ (150,896)	\$ (166,963)	\$ (16,067)		

	Env	ironmental Prog	rams		Special Police			Parking			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 81,159	\$ - 121,429	\$ - 40,270	\$ 66,120 106,000	\$ 61,705 104,545	\$ (4,415) (1,455)		
	100 56,200	(4) 42,667	(104) (13,533)	4,100 944,287 32,000	(1,974) 1,070,080 51,609	(6,074) 125,793 19,609	500 1,160	214 593	(286) (567)		
	15,000	20,725	5,725	208,357	179,055	(29,302)					
	71,300	63,388	(7,912)	1,269,903	1,420,199	150,296	173,780	167,057	(6,723)		
	80,337	73,615	6,722	754,411	719,760	34,651	90,236 41,906	90,161 42,289	75 (383)		
				204,721	1,360,804	(1,156,083)		14,864	(14,864)		
							22,532 2,455	22,539 2,448	(7)		
	80,337	73,615	6,722	959,132	2,080,564	(1,121,432)	157,129	172,301	(15,172)		
	(9,037)	(10,227)	(1,190)	310,771	(660,365)	(971,136)	16,651	(5,244)	(21,895)		
				100,000	2,667	(97,333)					
-				-	444,479	444,479		·			
				100,000	447,146	347,146					
	(9,037)	(10,227)	(1,190)	410,771	(213,219)	(623,990)	16,651	(5,244)	(21,895)		
	8,376	8,376		481,289	481,289		55,389	55,389			
\$	(661)	\$ (1,851)	\$ (1,190)	\$ 892,060	\$ 268,070	\$ (623,990)	\$ 72,040	\$ 50,145	\$ (21,895)		

(Continued)

CITY OF EUREKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

	Ca	apital Improveme	ents	Demolition Projects				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Licenses, permits, and fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Fines and penalties								
Investment income	000 000	433	433		1,875	1,875		
Intergovernmental	230,000	458,807	228,807					
Charges for services								
Other revenues		21_	21	155,000	10,494	(144,506)		
Total Revenues	230,000	459,261	229,261	155,000	12,369	(142,631)		
Expenditures:								
Current: General government Public safety Public works								
Community development Capital outlay Debt service:	420,822	573,208	(152,386)	529,500	262,544	266,956		
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges								
Total Expenditures	420,822	573,208	(152,386)	529,500	262,544	266,956		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(190,822)	(113,947)	76,875	(374,500)	(250,175)	124,325		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from capital leases								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(190,822)	(113,947)	76,875	(374,500)	(250,175)	124,325		
Fund Balances (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year	117,623	117,623		(566,918)	(566,918)			
Fund Balances (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$ (73,199)	\$ 3,676	\$ 76,875	\$ (941,418)	\$ (817,093)	\$ 124,325		

		Airport						Sp	ecial Fire			Housing				
	nal dget	Actual		P	ariance ositive egative)		Final Budget		Actual	/ariance Positive Negative)		Final Budget		Actual	-	Variance Positive Negative)
\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	3,500 10,000	70 10,00	0		(2,796)		4,900		948	(3,952)		20,850 429,000		23,280 293,030		2,430 (135,970)
	500 10,300	56 15,44			63 5,145		79,908		17,977 114	(61,931) 114		101,127		165,547		64,420
	24,300	26,71			2,412		84,808		19,039	(65,769)		550,977		481,857		(69,120)
1'	79,024	109,34	5		69,679		96,382		52,743	43,639		1,583,594		330,647		1,252,947
1	79,024	109,34	5		69,679		96,382		52,743	 43,639		1,583,594		330,647		1,252,947
(1	54,724)	(82,63	3)		72,091		(11,574)		(33,704)	 (22,130)	(1,032,617)		151,210		1,183,827
							(165,000)			165,000						
						-	(165,000)			 165,000						
(1	54,724)	(82,63	3)		72,091		(176,574)		(33,704)	142,870	(1,032,617)		151,210		1,183,827
2	03,019	203,01	9				235,437		235,437	 		1,639,178		1,639,178		
\$	48,295	\$ 120,38	6	\$	72,091	\$	58,863	\$	201,733	\$ 142,870	\$	606,561	\$	1,790,388	\$	1,183,827

(Continued)

CITY OF EUREKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

Public Financi	na Authority Dob	
	t Service	
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	5,688	(5,688)
1,425,000 2,393,422		1,425,000 2,393,422
3,818,422	5,688	3,812,734
(3,818,422)	(5,688)	3,812,734
3,818,422		(3,818,422)
3,818,422		(3,818,422)
	(5,688)	
5,688	5,688	
\$ 5,688	\$ -	\$ (5,688)
	Final Budget \$ - 1,425,000 2,393,422 3,818,422 (3,818,422) 3,818,422 3,818,422 5,688	Final Budget Actual \$ - \$ - 5,688 1,425,000 2,393,422 3,818,422 5,688 (3,818,422) (5,688) 3,818,422 (5,688) 5,688 5,688

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds introduced by GASB Statement No. 34 does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that for the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund Financial Statements, including the funds below:

- Equipment Operations Fund This fund was established as an internal service fund through which City departments are charged for the use of vehicles and other equipment, based on actual operating costs. In addition, rates for vehicles and heavy equipment include a depreciation contribution factor to establish a reserve for future replacement.
- Risk Management Fund This fund is used to account for the City's workers' compensation program, general liability and property insurance program, and group health program. In March, 1993 the City joined the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund for its workers' compensation and liability insurance programs, changing from self-insurance to a municipal; insurance pool. The City will continue to administer worker's compensation claims from prior to March, 1993, and existing liability claims. In August 2002, the City changed from its group health self-insurance program and joined three separate municipal insurance pools that are dependent on the respective employees' bargaining unit. Prior claims were paid through May 2003.
- Information Technology Operations Fund This fund was established to develop a reserve account for information technology equipment and software and will be used to fund future equipment and major software replacements based on an analysis of future needs. Each department is assessed an annual amount that will provide adequate funds to replace current computer and related equipment. In addition, the fund provides City-wide support for all office automation equipment.

CITY OF EUREKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

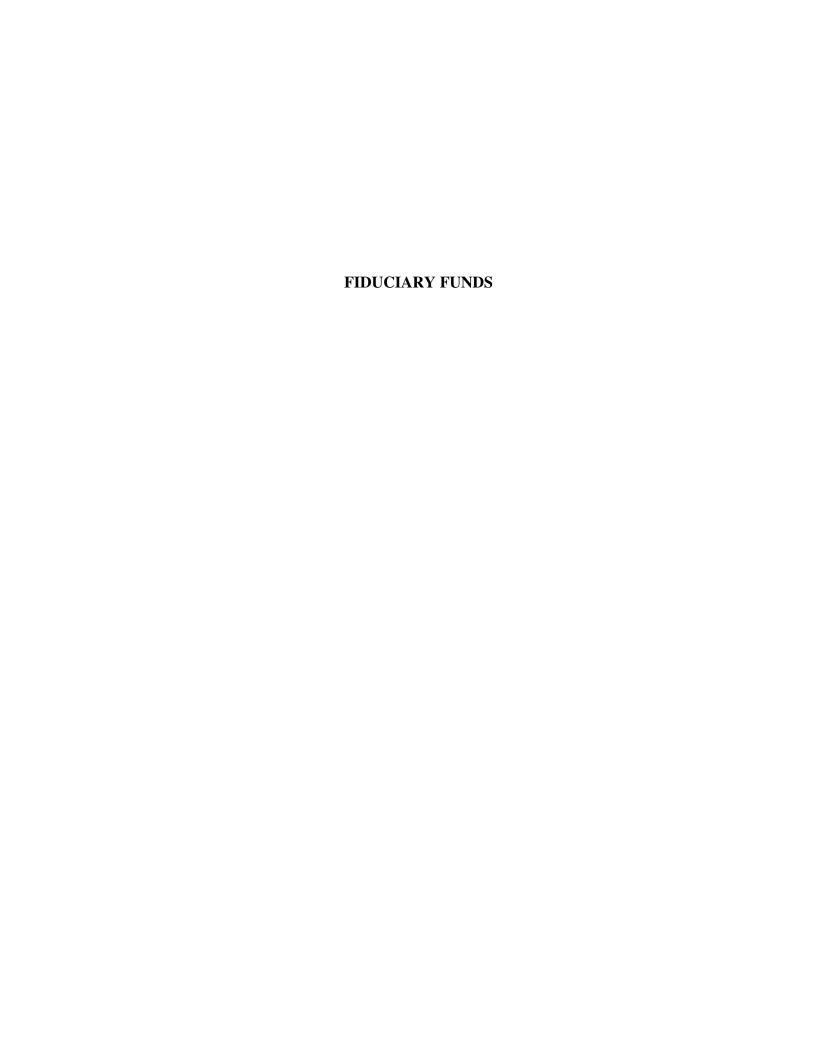
			Information	
	Equipment	Risk	Technology	-
ASSETS	Operations	Management	Operations	Totals
Current assets:	Ф 1 CC7 O47	Ф	Φ 051.010	Φ 0.010.500
Cash and investments Accounts receivable - net	\$ 1,667,247	\$ - 6,318	\$ 351,313	\$ 2,018,560 6,318
Interest receivable	2,165	(408)	401	2,158
Prepaid items	2,100	20,000	101	20,000
•				
Total current assets	1,669,412	25,910	351,714	2,047,036
Capital Assets:				
Depreciable				
Buildings	429,246			429,246
Improvements	31,236			31,236
Equipment	6,718,758		822,563	7,541,321
Total depreciable capital assets	7,179,240		822,563	8,001,803
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,661,451)		(759,563)	(6,421,014)
Total capital assets, net	1,517,789		63,000	1,580,789
Total Assets	3,187,201	25,910	414,714	3,627,825
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	71,814	182,795	61,859	316,468
Due to other funds	, -	259,031	,,,,,,	259,031
Claims and judgments payable		226,336		226,336
Compensated absences	35,376		13,847	49,223
Payroll and related liabilities	16,248		6,659	22,907
Total current liabilities	100 400	669.169	90.065	979.065
Total current liabilities	123,438	668,162	82,365	873,965
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,517,789		63,000	1,580,789
Unrestricted	1,545,974	(642,252)	269,349	1,173,071
Total Net Position (Deficits)	\$ 3,063,763	\$ (642,252)	\$ 332,349	\$ 2,753,860

CITY OF EUREKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Equipment	Risk	Information Technology	
	Operations	Management	Operations	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,711,526	\$ 1,227,517	\$ 924,818	\$ 3,863,861
Other operating revenues	33,326	46,268	2,141	81,735
Total Operating Revenues	1,744,852	1,273,785	926,959	3,945,596
Operating Expenses:				
Maintenance and operation Administration	1,405,747	84,525	959,153	2,449,425
Insurance costs and claims	23,808	1,773,212		1,797,020
Depreciation	400,083		25,804	425,887
Total Expenses	1,829,638	1,857,737	984,957	4,672,332
Operating Income (Loss)	(84,786)	(583,952)	(57,998)	(726,736)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income (loss)	5,295	(6,691)	(1,012)	(2,408)
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Exp)	5,295	(6,691)	(1,012)	(2,408)
Change in Net Position	(79,491)	(590,643)	(59,010)	(729,144)
Net Position (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year	3,143,254	(51,609)	391,359	3,483,004
Net Position (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$ 3,063,763	\$ (642,252)	\$ 332,349	\$ 2,753,860

CITY OF EUREKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Equipment Operations	Risk Management	Information Technology Operations	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers/interfund charges Payments to suppliers and users Payments to employees	\$ 1,744,852 (854,956) (531,117)	\$ 1,272,271 (1,658,993)	\$ 926,959 (621,209) (300,317)	\$ 3,944,082 (3,135,158) (831,434)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	358,779	(386,722)	5,433	(22,510)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities: Due to/from other funds		259,031		259,031
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities		259,031		259,031
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisitions of capital assets/ adjustments	(172,320)			(172,320)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(172,320)			(172,320)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received (charged)	6,704	(5,700)	(399)	605
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	6,704	(5,700)	(399)	605
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	193,163	(133,391)	5,034	64,806
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2012	1,474,084	133,391	346,279	1,953,754
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2013	\$ 1,667,247	\$ -	\$ 351,313	\$ 2,018,560
Cash and Investments on Combining Statement of Net Position	\$ 1,667,247	\$ -	\$ 351,313	\$ 2,018,560
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (84,786)	\$ (583,952)	\$ (57,998)	\$ (726,736)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	400,083		25,804	425,887
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:		(1,514) 64,799		(1,514) 64,799
Claims and judgments payable Accounts payable Compensated absences Payroll and related liabilities	39,288 572 3,622	85,996 47,949	34,849 2,603 175	85,996 122,086 3,175 3,797
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 358,779	\$ (386,722)	\$ 5,433	\$ (22,510)



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund are used to account for the receipt and disbursements of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental units or other organizations. Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of net position and statement of changes in net position.

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for other governmental units.

• Hazardous Material Response Authority Fund – This fund receives revenues from the Hazardous Materials (Hazmat) Authority, the General Fund, grants and response charges to operate the Hazmat response team.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as trustee for the Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency.

- Successor Agency Administration Fund This fund was established to account for administrative services provided by the City to the former Redevelopment Agency.
- Successor Agency Housing Fund This is a former Redevelopment Agency Fund established pursuant to California Redevelopment Law to account for the deposit of twenty percent of tax increment revenues received by the Redevelopment Agency. The funds are to be used to increase and improve the community's supply of low and moderate income housing.
- Successor Agency Capital Project Fund This fund was established to account for the capital improvements of the former Redevelopment Agency which are financed by proceeds of tax allocation bonds and City advances.
- Successor Agency Debt Service Fund This fund are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest of the former Redevelopment Agency.

CITY OF EUREKA PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Hazardous Material Response Authority		Successor Agency Administration		Successor Agency Housing
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	162,679	\$	33,799	\$ -
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent, Restricted		040			
Interest Receivable Notes Receivable		216			
Notes Receivable - Allowance					
Other Receivable				947	
Deferred Charges, Net of Accumulated Amortization					
Land held for resale					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated					
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		100.005		0.1.7.10	
Total Assets		162,895		34,746	
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable				6,786	
Payroll payable				3,766	
Interest Payable					
Advance from City of Eureka				.==.	
Unearned revenue				179,250	
Noncurrent Liabilties: Due within One Year					
Due in More than One Year					
Total Liabilities				189,802	
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		162,895		(155,056)	
Total Net Position (Deficits)	\$	162,895	\$	(155,056)	\$ -

5	Successor	(Successor				
	Agency		Agency				
	Capital		Debt				
	Project		Service	Totals			
\$	122,026	\$	2,394,174	\$	2,712,678		
Ψ	292,549	Ψ	778,417	Ψ	1,070,966		
	158		2,831		3,205		
	16,911		,		16,911		
	(16,911)				(16,911)		
	16,600				17,547		
			364,553		364,553		
	4,488,678				4,488,678		
	243,635			243,635			
	2,069,197				2,069,197		
	7,232,843		3,539,975		10,970,459		
	15,410				22,196		
	8				3,774		
			214,032		214,032		
			5,802,874	5,802,874			
			1,301,529	1,480,779			
			1,252,491		1,252,491		
			23,299,515		23,299,515		
	15,418		31,870,441		32,075,661		
	7,217,425		(28,330,466)		(21,105,202)		
\$	7,217,425	\$	(28,330,466)	\$	(21,105,202)		

CITY OF EUREKA PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Hazardous Material Response Authority		Successor Agency Administration		Successor Agency Housing	
Additions:						
Taxes Investment income	\$	-	\$	405,796 (259)	\$	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues		69,429		4,728 3,900		6,953
Total Additions		69,429		414,165		6,953
Deductions: Administration				390,338		
Depreciation Community Development Interest Expense Pass-through payments				33,354		648,203
Total Deductions				423,692		648,203
Change in Net Position		69,429		(9,527)		(641,250)
Net Position (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year Prior Period Adjustments		93,466		(145,529)		641,250
Net Position (Deficits), beginning of fiscal year, restated		93,466		(145,529)		641,250
Net Position (Deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	162,895	\$	(155,056)	\$	-

5	Successor	Successor						
Agency		Agency						
Capital		Debt						
	Project		Service	Totals				
\$	-	\$	3,245,095	\$	3,650,891			
	3,005		6,096		8,842			
					69,429			
					11,681			
	3,100		5,687		12,687			
	6,105	3,256,878			3,753,530			
	38,509		1,560		430,407			
	57,713				57,713			
					648,203			
			1,401,515		1,434,869			
			1,646,062		1,646,062			
	96,222		3,049,137		4,217,254			
	(90,117)		207,741		(463,724)			
	(00,)		207,771		(100,721)			
	7,307,542		(26,596,120)		(18,699,391)			
			(1,942,087)		(1,942,087)			
	7,307,542		(28,538,207)		(20,641,478)			
\$	7,217,425	\$	(28,330,466)	\$	(21,105,202)			

CITY OF EUREKA AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Balance le 30, 2012			Deductions		Balance June 30, 2013	
Trust Holding Fund							
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 170,987	\$	52,431	\$	69,523	\$	153,895
Total Assets	\$ 170,987	\$	52,431	\$	69,523	\$	153,895
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$ 1,180 169,807	\$	150 52,281	\$	1,180 68,343	\$	150 153,745
Total Liabilities	\$ 170,987	\$	52,431	\$	69,523	\$	153,895